

MD&A

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

SECOND QUARTER 2021 JUNE 30, 2021



The following management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") of the financial condition and results of operations of Firm Capital Property Trust ("FCPT" or the "Trust") should be read in conjunction with the Trust's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020. This MD&A has been prepared taking into account material transactions and events up to and including August 16, 2021. Additional information about the Trust has been filed with applicable Canadian securities regulatory authorities and is available at www.sedar.com or on our web site at www.firmcapital.com.

Certain information included in this MD&A contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of applicable securities laws including, among others, statements concerning our 2021 objectives and our strategies to achieve those objectives, as well as statements with respect to management's beliefs, estimates, and intentions, and similar statements concerning anticipated future events, results, circumstances, performance or expectations that are not historical facts. Forward-looking statements generally can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "outlook", "objective", "may", "will", "expect", "intent", "estimate", "anticipate", "believe", "should", "plans" or "continue" or similar expressions suggesting future outcomes or events. Such forward-looking statements reflect management's current beliefs and are based on information currently available to management.

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared COVID-19 outbreak a global health emergency. The governments have likewise declared that the COVID-19 outbreak in their jurisdictions constitutes an emergency and enacted measures to contain the spread of the virus. Reactions to the spread of COVID-19 have led to, among other things, significant restrictions on travel, temporary business closures, quarantines, a general reduction in commercial activity due to reduced consumer spending related to job loss and other adverse economic effects attributable to COVID-19. Given the unprecedented and pervasive impact of changing circumstances surrounding COVID-19, there is inherently greater uncertainty related to the Trust's future operating assumptions as compared to the prior periods.

The duration of the business disruption due to government lockdown orders and their related financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time and may be instituted, terminated and re-instituted from time to time due as the COVID-19 outbreak worsens or waves of COVID outbreaks may occur.

In the near-term, there have been no material signs of deterioration in the Trust's operations as a result of COVID-19.

These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are based on our estimates and assumptions that are subject to risks and uncertainties, including those described below in this MD&A under Risks and Uncertainties, which could cause our actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A. Such risk factors include, but are not limited to, risks associated with real property ownership, availability of cash flow, general uninsured losses, future property acquisitions, environmental matters, tax related matters, debt financing, unitholder liability, potential conflicts of interest, potential dilution, reliance on key personnel, changes in legislation and changes in the tax treatment of trusts. The Trust cannot assure investors that actual results will be consistent with any forward-looking statements and the Trust assumes no obligation to update or revise such forward-looking statements to reflect actual events or new circumstances. All forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A are qualified by this cautionary statement. Although the forward-looking information contained in this MD&A is based upon what management believes are reasonable assumptions, there can be no assurance that actual results will be consistent with these forward-looking statements.

Except as required by applicable law, the Trust undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

INTRODUCTION

Firm Capital Property Trust (TSXV: FCD.UN) is focused on creating long-term value for Unitholders through capital preservation and disciplined investing to achieve stable distributable income. In partnership with management and industry leaders, FCPT's plan is to own as well as co-own a diversified property portfolio of the following real estate asset classes:

- Industrial & Flex Industrial.
- Net Lease Convenience and Stand Alone Retail,
- Multi Residential,

- Core Service Provider / Healthcare Professional Office, and
- Manufactured Home Communities

In addition to stand alone accretive acquisitions, the Trust will make acquisitions, on a coownership basis with strong financial partners and will make joint acquisitions and the acquisition of partial interests from existing ownership groups, in a manner that provides liquidity to those selling owners and professional management for those remaining as partners. Firm Capital Realty Partners Inc., through a structure focused on an alignment of interests with the Trust sources, syndicates and manages investments on behalf of the Trust.

The Trust is a "mutual fund trust" as defined in the Tax Act as defined below, but is not a "mutual fund" within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation. The head office and registered office of the Trust is located at 163 Cartwright Avenue, Toronto, Ontario, M6A 1V5. The Trust is the reporting issuer trading on the TSX Venture Exchange under the ticker symbol FCD.UN.

Additional information on the Trust and its portfolio is available on the Firm Capital website at www.firmcapital.com or on the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Trust has adopted International Financial Reporting Standards ("**IFRS**"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as its basis of financial reporting. The Trust's reporting currency is the Canadian dollar.

Certain financial information presented in this MD&A reflects certain non-IFRS financial measures, which include Net Operating Income ("NOI"), Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation & Amortization ("EBITDA"), Funds From Operations ("FFO") and Adjusted Funds From Operations ("AFFO"), AFFO Payout Ratio, Net Operating Income on a cash basis ("Cash NOI") and Debt/Gross Book Value ("GBV") (each as defined below). These measures are commonly used by real estate investment trusts as useful metrics for measuring performance and/or cash flows, however, they do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and are not necessarily comparable to similar measures presented by other real estate investment trusts. The Trust believes that FFO is an important measure to evaluate operating performance, AFFO is an important measure of cash available for distribution and, NOI is an important measure of operating performance. "GAAP" means generally accepted accounting principles described by the Chartered Professional Accountants Canada ("CPA") Handbook - Accounting, which are applicable as at the date on which any calculation using GAAP is to be made. As a public entity, the Trust applies IFRS as described in Part I of the CPA Handbook - Accounting.

Occupancy rate represents the total square footage leased as a percentage of the total amount of square footage owned. Leased properties consist solely of those units that are occupied by a tenant at the given date.

NOI is a term used by industry analysts, investors, trusts, and management to measure operating performance of Canadian real estate investment trusts. NOI represents rental revenue from properties less repairs and maintenance, insurance, utilities, property management, property taxes, bad debt, and other property operating costs. NOI excludes certain expenses included in the determination of net income such as interest, amortization, corporate overhead and taxes.

Net income (loss) before other income (expenses) is a measure that the Trust uses in order to present the key operations and administration of the Trust, excluding special items. Items that are excluded from this total and are presented in other income include transaction costs, fair value adjustments of investment properties, and gain (loss) on dispositions.

Funds From Operations ("**FFO**") is a term used to evaluate operating performance, but is not indicative of funds available to meet the Trust's cash requirements. The Trust calculates FFO in accordance with the guidelines set out by the Real Property Association of Canada ("**RealPAC**"), as issued in February 2017 for entities adopting IFRS. FFO is defined as net income before fair value gains/losses on real estate properties, gains/losses on the disposition of real estate properties, deferred income taxes, and certain other non-cash adjustments.

Adjusted Funds from Operations ("AFFO") is a term used as a non-IFRS financial measure by most Canadian real estate investment trusts but should not be considered as an alternative to net income, cash flows from operations, or any other measure prescribed under IFRS. Unlike RealPac, who considers AFFO to be a useful measure of net income, the Trust considers AFFO to be a useful measure of cash available for distributions. AFFO is calculated largely in accordance with the guidelines set out by RealPAC and is defined as FFO less adjustments for non-cash items such as straight-line rent, free rent and noncash interest expense as well as normalized capital expenditures, tenant inducements and leasing charges. However, under RealPAC guidance, unit-based compensation expense (recovery) is included as part of AFFO, but the Trust excludes this amount and the Trust includes gains and losses on the sale of real estate properties calculated as net proceeds less carrying value excluding fair value adjustments.

FFO Payout Ratio is defined as Distributions Declared divided by FFO. AFFO Payout Ratio is defined as Distributions Declared divided by AFFO.

NOI, EBITDA, FFO, AFFO, FFO Payout Ratio, AFFO Payout Ratio and Debt/GBV should not be construed as alternatives to net income or cash flows from operating activities determined in accordance with IFRS. NOI, FFO and AFFO are not intended to represent operating profits for the period, or from a property, nor should any of these measures be viewed as an alternative to net income, cash flow from operating activities or other measures of financial performance calculated in accordance with IFRS. Readers should be further cautioned that NOI, EBITDA, FFO, AFFO, FFO Payout Ratio, AFFO Payout Ratio and Debt/GBV as calculated by the Trust may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers.

("**TIs/LCs**") are defined as Tenant Inducements, Leasing Charges and Capital Expenditures. The Trust bases its calculation of TIs/LCs an estimated 2.5% of Net Operating Income or NOI, which is senior managements' best estimate in operating real estate of the type that the Trust owns and operates.

SECOND QUARTER HIGHLIGHTS

 Net income for the three months ended June 30, 2021 was approximately \$31.8 million, a significant increase in comparison to the \$10.2 million net income for the three months ended March 31, 2021, and the \$3.8 million in net income reported for the three months ended June 30, 2020.

- Excluding fair value adjustments, net income for the three months ended June 30, 2021 was approximately \$3.2 million, in line with the \$3.2 million reported for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and the \$3.8 million reported for the three months ended June 30, 2020;
- Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was approximately \$42.0 million, compared to \$1.5 million net loss reported for the six months ended June 30, 2020;
- \$8.15 Net Asset Value ("**NAV**") per Unit, a 4% increase in comparison to the \$7.83 NAV per unit reported in Q1/2021;
- On an IFRS basis, NOI for the three months ended June 30, 2021 was approximately \$7.2 million, a 2% increase in comparison to the \$7.1 million reported for the three months ended March 31, 2021, and a 6% increase in comparison to the \$6.8 million reported for the three months ended June 30, 2020. NOI for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was approximately \$14.3 million, a 3% increase over the \$13.9 million reported for the six months ended June 30, 2020;
- On a cash basis ("Cash NOI"), for the three months ended June 30, 2021 was approximately \$7.2 million, a 3% increase compared to the \$6.9 million reported for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and a 6% increase over the \$6.7 million reported for the three months ended June 30, 2020. Cash NOI for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was approximately \$14.1 million, a 4% increase over the \$13.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020;
- Funds From Operations ("**FFO**") for the three months ended June 30, 2021 was approximately \$3.0 million, in comparison to the \$3.5 million reported for the three months ended March 31, 2021, and the \$6.4 million reported for the three months ended June 30, 2020. FFO for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was \$6.5 million, in comparison to the \$8.7 million reported for the six months ended June 30, 2020. Including gains on sales, FFO was \$6.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021, in comparison to the \$6.7 million and \$6.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively;
- Adjusted Funds From Operations ("AFFO") for the three months ended June 30, 2021 was approximately \$3.6 million, a 4% increase over the \$3.4 million reported for the three months ended March 31, 2021, and the \$3.5 million reported for the three months ended June 30, 2020. AFFO for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was approximately \$7.0 million, a 1% decrease over the \$7.1 million reported for the six months ended June 30, 2020. Including gains on sales, AFFO was \$7.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021, in comparison to the \$6.7 million and \$3.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively;
- FFO per Unit was \$0.097 for the three months ended June 30, 2021 compared to the \$0.118 per Unit reported for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and the \$0.21 per Unit reported for the three months ended June 30, 2020. Including gains on sales, FFO per Unit was \$0.211;

- AFFO per Unit was \$0.116 for the three months ended June 30, 2021 compared to the \$0.117 per Unit reported for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and the \$0.115 per Unit reported for the three months ended June 30, 2020. Including gains on sales, AFFO per Unit was \$0.230;
- FFO Payout Ratio was 131% for the three months ended June 30, 2021, compared to the 108% for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and the 60% reported for the three months ended June 30, 2020. FFO Payout Ratio for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was 119%, compared to the 86% for the six months ended June 30, 2020. Including gains on sales, FFO Payout Ratio was 61% for the three months ended June 30, 2021 in comparison to the 55% and the 60% for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively;
- AFFO Payout Ratio was 110% for the three months ended June 30, 2021, compared to the 109% for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and the 108% reported for the three months ended June 30, 2020. AFFO Payout Ratio for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was 109% compared to the 108% for the six months ended June 30, 2020. Including gains on sales, AFFO Payout Ratio was 56% for the three months ended June 30, 2021 in comparison to the 56% and the 108% for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively;
- Commercial occupancy was a solid 92.8%, while residential occupancy was 95.6% and Manufactured Homes Communities was 99.4%; and
- Conservative leverage profile with Debt / Gross Book Value ("GBV") at 44.5%.

								%	Change Ov	/er	
		TI	hree Months		Six M	lonth	s	Three M	onths	Six Months	
	Jun 30, 2021		March 31, 2021	Jun 30, 2020	Jun 30, 2021		Jun 30, 2020	March 31, 2021	Jun 30, 2020	Jun 30, 2020	
Rental Revenue	\$ 11,277,357	\$	11,337,581	\$ 10,978,178	\$ 22,614,937	\$	22,232,652	(1%)	3%	2%	
NOI											
- IFRS Basis	\$ 7,210,383	\$	7,051,088	\$ 6,832,758	\$ 14,261,472	\$	13,859,749	2%	6%	3%	
- Cash Basis	\$ 7,156,344	\$	6,948,767	\$ 6,719,928	\$ 14,105,113	\$	13,568,051	3%	6%	4%	
Net Income / (Loss)	\$ 31,835,791	\$	10,159,514	\$ 3,843,611	\$ 41,995,308	\$	(1,521,413)	213%	728%	NM	
FFO	\$ 2,995,157	\$	3,475,457	\$ 6,398,617	\$ 6,470,605	\$	8,866,455	(14%)	(53%)	(27%)	
AFFO	\$ 3,584,444	\$	3,439,569	\$ 3,510,644	\$ 7,024,003	\$	7,107,015	4%	2%	(1%)	
Including Gain on Sale from Real Estate Properties:											
FFO	\$ 6,487,356	\$	6,770,826	\$ 6,407,717	\$ 13,258,173	\$	8,875,552	(4%)	1%	49%	
AFFO	\$ 7,076,643	\$	6,734,938	\$ 3,519,743	\$ 13,811,575	\$	7,116,112	5%	101%	94%	
FFO Per Unit	\$ 0.097	\$	0.118	\$ 0.210	\$ 0.215	\$	0.290	(18%)	(54%)	(26%)	
AFFO Per Unit	\$ 0.116	\$	0.117	\$ 0.115	\$ 0.233	\$	0.232	(1%)	`1% [´]	`1% [´]	
Including Gain on Sale from Real Estate Properties:											
FFO/Unit	\$ 0.211	\$	0.230	\$ 0.210	\$ 0.440	\$	0.290	(8%)	0%	52%	
AFFO/Unit	\$ 0.230	\$	0.229	\$ 0.115	\$ 0.459	\$	0.232	0%	100%	98%	
Distributions Per Unit	\$ 0.128	\$	0.128	\$ 0.125	\$ 0.255	\$	0.250	(0%)	2%	2%	
Payout Ratios											
- FFO	131%		108%	60%	119%		86%				
- AFFO	110%		109%	108%	109%		108%				
Including Gain on Sale from Real Estate Properties:											
-FFO	61%		55%	60%	58%		86%				
- AFFO	56%		56%	108%	56%		108%				
NM = Not Meaningful											

Q2/2021 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Capital Recycling into Industrial and Multi Residential Sectors: The Trust continues to focus its near-term acquisition efforts on the industrial and multi-residential sectors across Canada by reducing its exposure to its non-core retail assets. In this regard, the Trust completed the sales of six retail properties from the Centre Ice Retail Portfolio during the quarter with gross proceeds of approximately \$11.3 million. For the six months ended June 30, 2021 the Trust has completed the sale of ten retail properties from the Centre Ice Portfolio with gross proceeds of approximately \$19.0 million. In addition, the Trust completed the sale of two additional Centre Ice Retail Portfolio assets after the quarter for gross proceeds of approximately \$2.9 million (excluding closing costs);
- \$43.0 Million in Acquisitions of Multi-Residential Buildings in Edmonton, Alberta and Lower Sackville, Nova Scotia:
 - On May 3, 2021, the Trust closed the acquisition of a 70% interest in 128 units in two multi-residential buildings (the Edmonton Properties). The acquisition price for 100% was \$25.0 million (excluding transaction costs). The acquisition price for the Trust's portion of the portfolio was \$17.5 million (excluding transaction costs). The Edmonton Property was financed with a new \$17.0 million mortgage (the Trust's pro-rata share was approximately \$11.9 million) with a Canadian Chartered Bank for an interest rate of approximately 2.5%, term of five years and a 30 year amortization:
 - On May 5, 2021, the Trust closed the acquisition of a 70% interest in 132 units in three multi-residential buildings (the Lower Sackville Properties). The acquisition price for 100% was \$18.0 million (excluding transaction costs). The acquisition price for the Trust's portion of the portfolio was \$12.6 million (excluding transaction costs). The Lower Sackville Property was financed with a new \$13.7 million mortgage (the Trust's pro-rata share was approximately \$9.6 million) with a Canadian Chartered Bank for an interest rate of approximately 2.4%, term of five years and a 30 year amortization:
- \$11.3 Million Mortgage Financing: On April 30, 2021, Mountview was financed with a \$11.3 million first mortgage with a Canadian Chartered Bank. The interest only mortgage carries a 2.5% interest rate and a 1 year term. The Trust's portion of the mortgage is approximately \$5.7 million;
- **\$28.8 Million Public Equity Offering:** On June 8, 2021, the Trust completed a public equity offering of Trust Units. 4,107,800 Trust Units were issued at a price of \$7.00 per Trust Unit for gross proceeds of approximately \$28.8 million (\$27.1 million, net of closing costs);
- Asset Management & Property Management Agreement Extensions and Disposition Fee: The Trustees of the Trust approved amendments to the Asset Management Agreement with FCRPI and the Property Management Agreement with FCPMC (collectively the "Contracts"). Both contracts had their terms extended from November 29, 2022, to November 29, 2032. With respect to any disposition of a Property by the Trust at a price that is in excess of the average IFRS carrying value of the Property over the four quarters preceding the quarter in which the sale occurred, the Trust shall pay to the Asset

Manager a fee (the "Disposition Fee") equal to 0.5% of the sale price. The Disposition Fee is payable upon closing of the applicable sale; and

• **Declaration of Monthly Distributions:** The Trust is pleased to announce that it has declared and approved monthly distributions in the amount of \$0.0425 per Trust Unit for Unitholders of record on October 31, 2021, November 30, 2021 and December 31, 2021 payable on or about November 15, 2021, December 15, 2021 and January 17, 2022, respectively

PORTFOLIO HIGHLIGHTS

Based on the Trust's pro rata interests as at June 30, 2021, the portfolio consists of 63 commercial properties with a total gross leasable area ("GLA") of 2,266,676 square feet, four multi-residential complexes comprised of 464 units and one Manufactured Homes Community comprised of 181 units.

		Occupancy								
Portfolio Summary	Gross Leaseable Area	Q2/2021	Q1/2021	Q4/2020	Q3/2020	Q2/2020				
Retail										
Bridgewater, Nova Scotia	46,903	93.8%	93.8%	97.1%	97.1%	86.3%				
Brampton, Ontario	36,137	86.0%	86.0%	86.0%	86.0%	92.1%				
Hanover, Ontario	19,874	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%				
Pembroke, Ontario	11,247	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%				
Moncton, New Brunswick	16,372	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%				
Guelph, Ontario	116,236	92.6%	92.6%	92.6%	92.6%	92.6%				
Centre lce Retail Portfolio	30,118	89.2%	93.3%	84.9%	84.9%	84.9%				
The Whitby Mall, Ontario	149,884	92.6%	92.4%	93.1%	91.0%	91.0%				
Thickson Place, Ontario	41,942	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%				
Crombie Retail Portfolio	148,188	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%				
FCR Retail Portfolio	511,239	96.7%	96.4%	97.1%	96.9%	97.1%				
Gateway Village	52,757	93.8%	93.8%	93.8%	93.8%	90.9%				
Total / Weighted Average	1,180,896	95.7%	95.5%	95.5%	94.9%	94.6%				
Office										
Barrie, Ontario	39,495	47.9%	47.9%	47.9%	47.9%	47.6%				
Total / Weighted Average	39,495	47.9%	47.9%	47.9%	47.9%	47.6%				
Industrial	_									
Montreal, Quebec	594,643	88.6%	100.0%	97.2%	97.8%	97.5%				
Waterloo, Ontario	358,174	96.9%	96.9%	96.9%	99.0%	90.0%				
Edmonton, Alberta	93,469	82.7%	82.7%	82.7%	79.7%	80.7%				
Total / Weighted Average	1,046,285	90.9%	97.4%	95.8%	96.6%	93.5%				
Commercial Total / Weighted Average	2,266,676	92.8%	95.7%	94.9%	95.0%	93.4%				
Multi-Residential	Units		c	Occupancy						
Ottawa, Ontario	135	94.1%	92.6%	91.1%	91.9%	98.5%				
Dartmouth, Nova Scotia	69	97.1%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%				
Lower Sackville, Nova Scotia	132	95.5%	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.				
Edmonton, Alberta	128	90.6%	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.				
Total / Weighted Average	464	95.6%	96.3%	95.6%	96.0%	99.3%				
Manufactured Homes Communities										
Calgary, Alberta	181	99.4%	100.0%	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.				
Total / Weighted Average	181	99.4%	100.0%	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.				

TENANT DIVERSIFICATION

The portfolio is well diversified by tenant profile with no tenant currently accounting for more than 11.6% of total net rent. Further, the top 10 tenants are comprised of large national tenants and account for 30.4% of total net rent:

Tenant Diversification – June 30, 2021

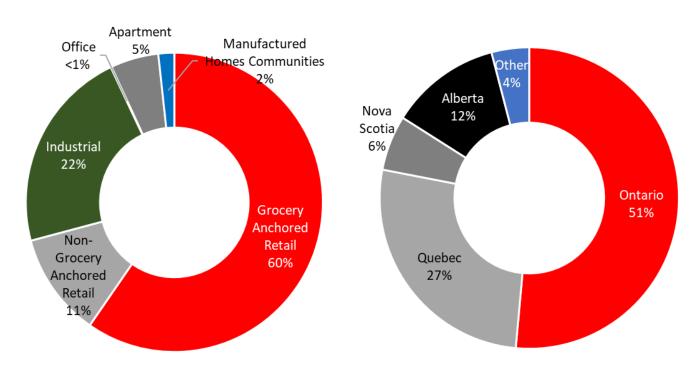
Top Ten Commercial Tenants

(by % of net rent)



Sobey & CLobbaws Shoppers & metro Tring PDG FF WARMENT & Walmart *

Geographical and Asset Class Portfolio Diversification based on NOI



OCCUPANCY

As at June 30, 2021, commercial portfolio occupancy was 92.8%, a 290 basis point decrease over the 95.7% reported at March 31, 2021 and a 60 basis point decrease over the 93.4% reported at June 30, 2020. The decrease year-over-year is primarily due to increased retail occupancy, offset by a vancancy in the Montreal Industrial portfolio.

As at June 31, 2021, occupancy for the multi-residential portfolio was 95.6%, a 70 basis point decrease over the 96.3% reported at March 31, 2021 and a 370 basis point decrease compared to the 99.3% occupancy reported at June 30, 2020.

COMMERCIAL NET RENT AND MULTI-RESIDENTIAL AVERAGE MONTHLY RENT Commercial net rent per occupied square foot and average multi-residential monthly rent per occupied unit for the past five quarters is as follows:

	 June 30,			Dec 31,	,	Sept 30,	J	une 30,
	 2021	Ma	r 31, 2021	2020		2020		2020
Retail	\$ 17.27	\$	17.27	\$ 17.02	\$	16.89	\$	16.80
Industrial	\$ 6.50	\$	6.50	\$ 6.41	\$	6.38	\$	6.14
Office	\$ 11.94	\$	11.94	\$ 11.94	\$	11.94	\$	12.15
Multi-Residential	\$ 1,057	\$	1,062	\$ 1,074	\$	1,061	\$	1,054
Manufactured Homes Communities	\$ 535	\$	535	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-

	Q2 2021 vs. Q4	Q2 2021 vs. Q2
	2020	2020
Retail	1.5%	2.8%
Industrial	1.4%	5.9%
Office	0.0%	(1.7%)
Multi-Residential	(1.6%)	0.3%
Manufactured Homes Communities	n.a.	n.a.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

RENTAL REVENUE

Rental revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2021 was \$11,277,357, a 1% decrease over the \$11,337,581 reported for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and a 3% increase over the \$10,978,178 reported for the three months ended June 30, 2020. Rental revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was \$22,614,937, a 2% increase over the \$22,232,652 reported for the six months ended June 30, 2020. Rental revenue includes all amounts earned from tenants' lease agreements including rent, operating costs and realty tax recoveries.

	Three N	Noi	nths Ended		Six Month	ns Ended
	Jun 30, 2021		March 31, 2021	Jun 30, 2020	Jun 30, 2021	Jun 30, 2020
Base Rent	\$ 7,933,533	\$	7,368,294	\$ 7,346,463	\$15,301,823	\$14,600,908
Operating Cost Recoveries	1,477,991		1,819,506	1,450,915	3,297,501	3,226,310
Tax Recoveries	1,811,795		2,047,459	2,067,968	3,859,254	4,113,736
Straight Line Rent	80,384		125,837	129,299	206,219	325,677
Free Rent	(26,347)		(23,516)	(16,469)	(49,860)	(33,979)
Rental Revenue	\$ 11,277,357	\$	11,337,581	\$ 10,978,178	\$ 22,614,937	\$22,232,652

The variance in comparing the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 over the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 is largely due to increased base rental income from the Trust's various acquisitions along with the rent increases as outlined above, offset by the loss of rental income from the Centre Ice dispositions.

Free rent relates to rent free periods provided to certain new and renewal tenants at the Trust's properties. Under IFRS, the Trust is required to adjust rental revenue by the value of the rent free period and amortize this adjustment over the life of the individual lease as a reduction to income.

PROPERTY OPERATING EXPENSES

Property operating expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2021 were \$4,066,974 a 5% decrease in comparison to the \$4,286,493 reported for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and a 2% decrease over the \$4,145,420 reported for the three months ended June 30, 2020. Property operating expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2021 were \$8,353,465, in line with \$8,372,903 reported for the six months ended June 30, 2020. Property operating expenses include realty taxes as well as other costs related to maintenance, HVAC, insurance, utilities and property management fees. Property operating expenses consist of the following:

	Three	Mor	nths Ended		Six Montl	hs	Ended
	Jun 30, 2021		March 31, 2021	Jun 30, 2020	Jun 30, 2021		Jun 30, 2020
Realty Taxes	\$ 2,100,454	\$	2,199,379	\$ 2,249,547	\$ 	\$	4,470,919
Property Management	432,389		426,282	423,942	858,673		840,038
Operating Expenses	1,534,131		1,660,832	1,471,931	3,194,959		3,061,946
Property Operating Expenses	\$ 4,066,974	\$	4,286,493	\$ 4,145,420	\$ 8,353,465	\$	8,372,903

The variance in comparing the three months ended June 30, 2021 over the three months ended March 31, 2021 and June 30, 2020 is largely due to the impact of the Trust's various acquisitions.

NET OPERATING INCOME ("NOI")

On an IFRS basis, NOI for the three months ended June 30, 2021 was \$7,210,383, a 2% increase compared to the \$7,051,088 reported for the three months ended March 31, 2021, and a 6% increase in comparison to the \$6,832,758 reported for the three months ended June 30, 2020. NOI for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was \$14,261,472, a 3% increase over the \$13,859,749 reported for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

On a cash basis (i.e. excluding straight-line and free rent which are non-cash items) ("Cash NOI"), NOI for the three months ended June 30, 2021 was \$7,156,346 a 3% increase compared to the \$6,948,767 reported for the three months ended March 31, 2021, and a 6% increase over the \$6,719,927 reported for the three months ended June 30, 2020. NOI for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was \$14,105,113, a 4% increase over the \$13,568,051 reported for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

	Three I	Мо	nths Ended		Six Month	ns Ended
	Jun 30, 2021		March 31, 2021	Jun 30, 2020	Jun 30, 2021	Jun 30, 2020
Rental Revenue	\$ 11,277,357	\$	11,337,581	\$ 10,978,178	\$ 22,614,937	\$22,232,652
Property Operating Expenses	(4,066,974)		(4,286,493)	(4,145,420)	(8,353,465)	(8,372,903)
NOI - IFRS Basis	\$ 7,210,383	\$	7,051,088	\$ 6,832,758	\$14,261,472	\$13,859,749
Less: Straight-Line Rent	(80,384)		(125,837)	(129,299)	(206,219)	(325,677)
Less: Free Rent	26,347		23,516	16,469	49,860	33,979
NOI - Cash Basis	\$ 7,156,346	\$	6,948,767	\$ 6,719,927	\$14,105,113	\$13,568,051

NOI - Cash Basis

% Change vs. March 31, 2021	3%	
% Change vs. June 30, 2020	6%	4%

The variance in comparing the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 over the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 is largely due to the impact of the Trust's various acquisitions, offset by the loss of income from the Centre Ice dispositions.

FINANCE COSTS

Finance costs for the three months ended June 30, 2021 were \$2,284,208, a 3% increase in comparison to the \$2,208,052 reported for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and a 17% increase in comparison to the \$1,947,391 reported for the three months ended June 30, 2020. Finance costs for the six months ended June 30, 2021 were \$4,492,260, a 12% increase over the \$4,026,991 reported for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

Finance costs are comprised of the following:

	Three M	lor	ths Ended		Six Month	าร	Ended
	Jun 30, 2021		March 31, 2021	Jun 30, 2020	Jun 30, 2021		Jun 30, 2020
Mortgage Interest	\$ 1,996,240	\$	1,986,153	\$ 1,802,973	\$ 3,982,395	\$	3,760,407
Bank Indebtedness Interest	115,965		62,860	80,866	178,826		174,080
Finance Fee Amortization	215,404		209,565	90,707	424,970		144,824
Non-cash Interest Expense	(43,403)		(50,530)	(27,159)	(93,931)		(52,320)
Finance Costs	\$ 2,284,208	\$	2,208,052	\$ 1,947,391	\$ 4,492,260	\$	4,026,991

The variance in comparing the three months ended June 30, 2021 over the three months ended March 31, 2021 was mainly due to higher short-term bank indebtedness interest and mortgage interest expense due to new aquistions and associated mortgages added during Q2. The variance comparing the six months ended June 30, 2021 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2020 is related to higher mortgage interest costs and finance fee amortization as a result of acquisitions.

Finance fee amortization relates to fees paid on securing the Facility as defined below on the Trust's various mortgages. Non-cash interest expense relates to the fair value adjustment to interest expense required under IFRS as a result of the assumed mortgages from the Trust's various acquisitions.

As outlined below, the weighted average interest rate of the mortgages as at June 30, 2021 stands at approximately 3.4%.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE ("G&A") EXPENSES

G&A expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2021 were \$1,695,849, a 2% increase in comparison to the \$1,664,105 reported for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and a 59% increase in comparison to the \$1,069,647 reported for the three months ended June 30, 2020. G&A expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2021 were \$3,359,954, a 62% increase in comparison to the \$2,078,798 reported for the six months ended June 30, 2020. Public company expenses include trustee fees, transfer agent fees, press releases and print media.

	Thre	е Мо	onths Ended	<u>k</u>		_	Six Montl	ns l	Ended
	Jun 30,		March 31,		Jun 30,		Jun 30,		Jun 30,
	2021		2021		2020		2021		2020
Asset Management & Performance Incentive Fees	\$ 1,419,004	\$	1,354,546	\$	770,115	\$	2,773,550	\$	1,537,462
Public Company Expenses	79,260		59,110		63,499		138,370		129,318
Office & General	197,585		250,449		236,033		448,034		412,018
General & Administrative	\$ 1,695,849	\$	1,664,105	\$	1,069,647	\$	3,359,954	\$	2,078,798

The variance in comparing the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 over the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 is largely due to an increase in asset management and performance incentive fees due to the Trust's various acquisitions and gain on sale of real estate properties.

NET INCOME & COMPREHENSIVE NET INCOME ("NET INCOME")

Net Income for the three months ended June 30, 2021 was \$31,835,794, in comparison to the \$10,159,514 in net income reported for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and the \$3,843,610 net income reported for the three months ended June 30, 2020. Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was \$41,995,308 compared to the \$1,521,413 net loss reported for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

The variance in comparing the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 over the three and six months ended March 31, 2021 and June 30, 2020 is largely due to an increase in the fair market value adjustment of investment properties and higher cash flows from rental operations, offset by higher expenses.

SUMMARIZED OPERATING RESULTS

Rental revenue, other income, total revenue, NOI and net income for the past eight quarters for the Trust are as follows:

	Rental			Total		
	Revenue	Oth	er Income	Revenue	NOI	Net Income
Q2/2021	\$ 11,277,357	\$	15,337	\$ 11,292,694	\$ 7,210,383	\$ 31,835,794
Q1/2021	\$ 11,337,581	\$	8,226	\$ 11,345,807	\$ 7,051,088	\$ 10,159,514
Q4/2020	\$ 10,990,587	\$	9,127	\$ 10,999,714	\$ 7,087,092	\$ 13,419,177
Q3/2020	\$ 11,313,104	\$	8,376	\$11,321,480	\$ 7,558,421	\$ 3,933,363
Q2/2020	\$ 10,978,178	\$	5,726	\$10,983,904	\$ 6,832,758	\$ 3,843,611
Q1/2020	\$ 11,254,472	\$	28,733	\$ 11,283,205	\$ 7,026,986	\$ (5,365,029)
Q4/2019	\$ 10,614,406	\$	16,671	\$ 10,631,077	\$ 6,754,443	\$ 20,435,016
Q3/2019	\$ 10,432,798	\$	17,486	\$ 10,450,284	\$ 6,788,600	\$ 3,815,843

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME & COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AND CASH FLOWS FROM (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES.

Outlined below are the Consolidated Interim Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income and cashflows from operating activities for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2021, March 31, 2021 and June 30, 2020 and six month period ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020:

	Thr	ee Months End	ed	Six Montl	hs Ended		
Net Operating Income	Jun 30, 2021	March 31, 2021	Jun 30, 2020	Jun 30, 2021	Jun 30, 2020		
Rental Revenue	\$11,277,357	\$ 11,337,581	\$10,978,178	\$22,614,937	\$22,232,652		
Property Operating Expenses	(4,066,974)	(4,286,493)	(4,145,420)	(8,353,465)	(8,372,903)		
	7,210,383	7,051,088	6,832,758	14,261,472	13,859,749		
Interest and Other Income	15,337	8,226	5,726	23,563	34,459		
Expenses							
Finance Costs	2,284,208	2,208,052	1,947,391	4,492,260	4,026,991		
General and Administrative	1,695,849	1,664,105	1,069,647	3,359,954	2,078,798		
	3,980,057	3,872,157	3,017,038	7,852,214	6,105,789		
Income Before Fair Value Adjustments	3,245,663	3,187,158	3,821,446	6,432,821	7,788,419		
Fair Value Adjustments:							
Investment Properties	29,838,055	7,529,486	(2,564,098)	37,367,542	(10,387,863)		
Gain on Sale of Investment Properties	(381,143)	(263,891)	9,097	(645,034)	9,097		
Unit-Based Compensation Recovery/(Expense)	(866,782)	(293,239)	(91,837)	(1,160,021)	1,068,934		
Finance Costs	-	-	2,669,002	-	-		
Net Income/(Loss) and Comprehensive Income	\$ 31,835,794	\$ 10,159,514	\$ 3,843,610	\$41,995,308	\$ (1,521,413)		

	Thre	ee Months End	ed	Six Month	ns Ended
	Jun 30, 2021	March 31, 2021	Jun 30, 2020	Jun 30, 2021	Jun 30, 2020
Net Income & Comprehensive Income	31,835,794	10,159,514	3,843,610	41,995,308	(1,521,413)
Fair Value Adjustments:					
Investment Properties	(29,838,055)	(7,529,486)	2,564,098	(37,367,542)	10,387,863
(Gain)/Loss on Sale of Investment Properties	381,143	263,891	(9,097)	645,034	(9,097)
Unit-Based Compensation Expense/(Recovery)	866,782	293,239	91,837	1,160,021	(1,068,934)
Finance Costs, Net of Interest and Other Income	2,096,869	2,040,788	1,878,113	4,137,659	3,900,029
Finance Fee Amortization	215,404	209,565	90,707	424,970	144,824
Non-cash Interest Expense	(43,403)	(50,530)	(2,696,160)	(93,931)	(52,320)
Land Lease Amortization	16,480	16,996	16,996	33,476	34,509
Straight-line Rent Adjustment	(80,384)	(125,837)	(129,299)	(206,219)	(325,676)
Free Rent, Net of Amortization	26,347	23,516	16,469	49,860	33,979
Change in Working Capital					
Accounts Receivable	546,772	(1,234,232)	(1,823,939)	(687,464)	(769,977)
Prepaid Expenses, Deposits and Other Assets	416,046	(1,228,525)	1,005,794	(812,483)	(327,766)
Restricted Cash	154,401	(2,183)	154,904	152,218	142,146
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	1,855,508	839,220	543,401	2,694,728	(1,597,933)
Tenant Rental Deposits	328,370	96,184	54,806	424,554	114,670
Cash Flows From Operating Activities	\$ 8,778,078	\$ 3,772,123	\$ 5,602,244	\$ 12,550,193	\$ 9,084,908

FFO AND AFFO

FFO for the three months ended June 30, 2021 was approximately \$3.0 million, a 14% decrease over the \$3.5 million reported for the three months ended March 31, 2021, and a 53% decrease over the \$6.4 million reported for the three months ended June 30, 2020. Including gains on sales, FFO was approximately \$6.5 million. FFO for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was \$6.5 million, a 27% decrease over the \$8.9 million reported for the six months ended June 30, 2020. Including gains on sales, FFO was \$13.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021.

AFFO for the three months ended June 30, 2021 was approximately \$3.6 million, a 4% increase over the \$3.4 million reported for the three months ended March 31, 2021, and largely in line with the \$3.5 million reported for the three months ended June 30, 2020. Including gains on sales, AFFO was approximately \$7.1 million. AFFO for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was \$7.0 million, in line with the \$7.1 million reported for the six months ended June 30, 2020. Including gains on sales, AFFO for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was \$13.8 million.

FFO per Unit was \$0.097 per Unit for the three months ended June 30, 2021 compared to the \$0.118 per Unit reported for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and the \$0.21 per Unit reported for the three months ended June 30, 2020. FFO per Unit including the gain on sales was \$0.211 per Unit for the three months ended June 30, 2021 compared to \$0.230 per unit for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and \$0.210 per Unit for the three months ended June 30, 2020. FFO per Unit was \$0.215 for the six months ended June 30, 2021 compared to \$0.290 per Unit for the six months ended June 30, 2020. FFO per Unit including gain on sales was \$0.440 for the six months ended June 30, 2021 compared to \$0.290 per Unit for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

AFFO per Unit was \$0.116 for the three months ended June 30, 2021 compared to the \$0.117 per Unit reported for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and the \$0.115 per Unit reported for the three months ended June 30, 2020. AFFO per Unit including gain on sales was \$0.230 for the three months ended June 30, 2021 and \$0.229 for the three months ended March 31, 2021

and \$0.115 for the three months ended June 30, 2020. AFFO per Unit for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was \$0.233 per Unit compared to \$0.232 per unit reported for the six months ended June 30, 2020. AFFO per Unit including gain on sales was \$0.459 for the six months ended June 30, 2021 compared to \$0.232 per Unit for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

FFO Payout Ratio was 131% for the three months ended June 30, 2021, compared to the 108% for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and the 60% reported for the three months ended June 30, 2020. Including gains on sales, FFO Payout Ratio was 61% for the three months ended June 30, 2021 and 55% and 60% for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and June 30, 2020 respectively. FFO Payout Ratio was 119% for the six months ended June 30, 2021 compared to 86% for the six months ended June 30, 2020. Including the gains on sales, the FFO Payout Ratio was 58% for the six months ended June 30, 2021, compared to 86% for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

AFFO Payout Ratio was 110% for the three months ended June 30, 2021, compared to the 109% for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and the 108% reported for the three months ended June 30, 2020. Including gains on sales, the AFFO Payout Ratio was 56% for the three months ended June 30, 2021 and 56% and 108% for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively. AFFO Payout Ratio was 109% for the six months ended June 30, 2021 compared to 108% for the six months ended June 30, 2020. Including the gains on sales, the AFFO Payout Ratio was 56% for the six months ended June 30, 2021 compared to 108% for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

For the three months ended June 30, 2021, the Trust had TIs/LCs and capital expenditures of approximately \$1.7 million (2020 - \$1.4 million) and \$2.8 million (2020 - \$1.9 million) for the six months ended June 30, 2021.

As the Trust considers AFFO to be a useful measure of cash flow available for distributions, the following table is a reconciliation from IFRS Cash Flow from Operating Activities to FFO and AFFO:

		Thr	ree I	Months Ended	<u>t</u>		Six Months Ended				
	Jun 30, 2021			Mar 31, 2021		Jun 30, 2020	Jun 30, 2021		Jun 30, 2020		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	\$ 8,778,078	\$;	3,772,123	\$	5,602,244	\$ 12,550,193	\$	9,084,908		
Add (deduct):											
Tenant Rental Deposits	(328,370)			(96,184)		(54,806)	(424,554)		(114,670)		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	(1,855,508)			(839,220)		(543,401)	(2,694,728)		1,597,933		
Restricted Cash	(154,401)			2,183		(154,904)	(152,218)		(142,146)		
Prepaid Expenses, Deposits & Other Assets	(416,046)			1,228,525		(1,005,794)	812,483		327,766		
Accounts Receivable	(546,772)			1,234,232		1,823,939	687,464		769,977		
Finance Fee Amortization	(215,404)			(209,565)		(90,707)	(424,970)		(144,824)		
Land Lease Amortization	(16,480)			(16,996)		(16,996)	(33,476)		(34,509)		
Finance Costs, Net of Interest & Dividends	(2,096,869)			(2,040,788)		(1,878,113)	(4,137,659)		(3,900,029)		
Unit Based Compensation Expense	(866,782)			(293,239)		(91,837)	(1,160,021)		1,068,934		
Straight-Line Rent Adjustment	80,384			125,837		129,299	206,219		325,676		
Free Rent, Net of Amortization	(26,347)			(23,516)		(16,469)	(49,860)		(33,979)		
Non-Cash Interest Expense	43,403			50,530		2,696,161	93,931		52,320		
Add: Performance Fee Attributed to Gain on Sale of Real Estate	616,270			581,537		-	1,197,801		9,102		
FFO .	\$ 2,995,157	\$;	3,475,457	\$	6,398,617	\$ 6,470,605	\$	8,866,455		
Straight Line Rent Adjustment	(80,384)			(125,837)		(129,299)	(206,219)		(325,676)		
Free Rent, Net of Amortization	26,347			23,516		16,469	49,860		33,979		
Tenant Inducements, Leasing Costs & Capex	(180,054)			(176,277)		(170,819)	(356,331)		(346,494)		
Non-Cash Interest Expense	(43,403)			(50,530)		(2,696,161)	(93,931)		(52,320)		
Unit Based Compensation Expense	866,782			293,239		91,837	1,160,021		(1,068,934)		
AFFO	\$ 3,584,444	\$;	3,439,569	\$	3,510,644	\$ 7,024,003	\$	7,107,015		
Gain on Sale of Investment Properties	4,108,469			3,876,905		9,097	7,985,374		9,097		
Performance Fee Attributable To Gain	(616,270)			(581,536)		-	(1,197,806)		-		
FFO*	\$ 6,487,356	\$;	6,770,826	\$	6,407,717	\$ 13,258,173	\$	8,875,552		
AFFO*	\$ 7,076,643	\$	5	6,734,938	\$	3,519,743	\$ 13,811,575	\$	7,116,112		
FFO Per Unit	\$ 0.097	\$;	0.118	\$	0.210	\$ 0.215	\$	0.290		
AFFO Per Unit	\$ 0.116	\$;	0.117	\$	0.115	\$ 0.233	\$	0.232		
FFO Per Unit*	\$ 0.211	\$;	0.230	\$	0.210	\$ 0.440	\$	0.290		
AFFO Per Unit*	\$ 0.230	\$;	0.229	\$	0.115	\$ 0.459	\$	0.232		
Distributions Per Unit	\$ 0.128	\$;	0.128	\$	0.125	\$ 0.255	\$	0.240		
FFO Payout Ratio	131%			108%		60%	119%		86%		
AFFO Payout Ratio	110%			109%		108%	109%		108%		
FFO Payout Ratio*	61%			55%		60%	58%		86%		
AFFO Payout Ratio*	56%			56%		108%	56%		108%		
* = Includes gain on sale of assets											

The differences between the add back of FFO and AFFO is the deduction for straight-line rent, free rent, reserves for TIs/LCs, capital expenditures and the non-cash interest expense component for all assumed mortgages, offset by the deduction for unit-based compensation expense. Under RealPAC and the Trust, unit-based compensation expense is deducted for reporting FFO. However, the Trust adds back this expense for the purpose of calculating AFFO.

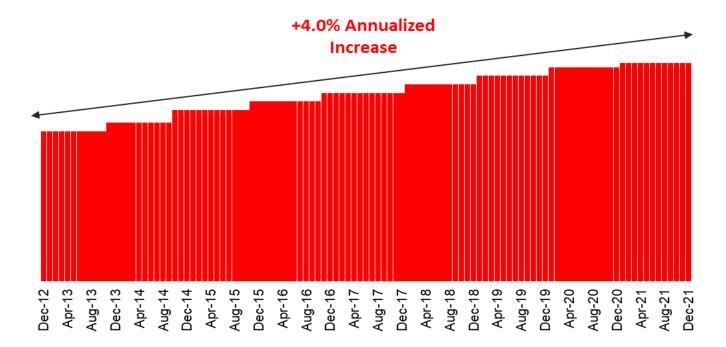
The variance in comparing AFFO for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 over the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 is largely due to the positive impact from the Trust's acquisitions and net rents, offset by higher operating, interest and G&A expenses.

AFFO is calculated largely in accordance with the guidelines set out by RealPAC and is defined as FFO less adjustments for non-cash items such as straight-line rent, free rent and noncash interest expense as well as normalized capital expenditures, tenant inducements and leasing charges. However, under RealPAC, unit-based compensation expense is deducted for reporting AFFO, but the Trust adds back this expense and includes cash gains on the sale of real estate properties calculated as net proceeds less original cost.

DISTRIBUTIONS

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, distributions of \$0.0425 per unit were declared each month commencing in January 2021 through to June 2021, resulting in total distributions declared of \$7,699,941. For the six months ended June 30, 2020, distributions of \$0.041667 per unit were declared each month commencing in January 2020 through to June 2020 resulting in total distributions declared of \$7,645,541.

Since the Trust's inception in Q4/2012, distributions have been raised nine times in nine years and represents a cumulative increase of 45.7% or 4.0% on an annualized basis since the Trust's inception in 2012. For 2020, distributions were 100% Return of Capital.



The policy of the Trust is to pay cash distributions on or about the 15th day of each month to Unitholders of record on the last business day of the preceding month. Distributions paid to Unitholders who are non-residents of Canada will be subject to Canadian withholding tax.

The excess/(shortfall) of cash flow from operating activities over distributions and net income and comprehensive income over distributions for the three months ended June 30, 2021, March 31, 2021 and June 30, 2020 and six months ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020 are outlined below:

	Three Months Ended							Six Month	s Ended	
		Jun 30, 2021		March 31, 2021		Jun 30, 2020		Jun 30, 2021	Jun 30, 2020	
Cash Flow From Operating Activities	\$	8,778,078	\$	3,772,123	\$	5,602,244	\$	12,550,193	\$ 9,094,008	
Net Cash Interest Expense										
Less: Mortgage Interest	\$	(1,996,240)	\$	(1,986,153)	\$	(1,802,973)	\$	(3,982,395)	\$ (3,760,407)	
Less: Bank Indebtedness Interest		(115,965)		(62,860)		(80,866)		(178,826)	(174,080)	
Add: Interest and Other Income		15,337		8,226		5,726		23,563	34,459	
Net Cash Interest Expense (B)	\$	(2,096,868)	\$	(2,040,787)	\$	(1,878,113)	\$	(4,137,659)	\$ (3,900,029)	
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities (A-B) = (C)	\$	6,681,209	\$	1,731,334	\$	3,733,226	\$	8,412,536	\$ 5,193,978	
Net Income & Comprehensive Income (D)	\$	31,835,794	\$	10,159,514	\$	3,843,610	\$	41,995,308	\$ (1,521,413)	
Distributions (E)	\$	3,771,573	\$	3,770,715	\$	3,814,940	\$	7,699,941	\$ 7,645,541	
Excess / (Shortfall) of Net Cash Flow From Operating Activities										
Over Distributions (C-E)	\$	2,909,636	\$	(2,039,379)	\$	(81,715)	\$	712,595	\$ (2,451,565)	
Excess / (Shortfall) of Net Income & Comprehensive Income Over Distributions (D-E)										
Distributions (D-L)	\$	28,064,221	\$	6,388,799	\$	28,669	\$	34,295,367	\$ (9,166,956)	

For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, the Trust had distributions in excess of net cash flow from operating activities and for the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Trust had distributions in excess of net income & comprehensive income. These distributions were funded from the Trust's cash on hand/bank indebtedness. The excess distributions were paid in the normal course and had no impact on the sustainability of distributions.

SEGMENT INFORMATION AND CO-OWNERSHIP INTERESTS

SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Trust operates in six reportable segments: grocery anchored retail, non-grocery anchored retail, industrial, multi-residential, manufactured home communities and core service office provider and evaluates performance based on net income and comprehensive income which is presented by segment as outlined below:

	Grocery Anchored Retail	1	Non-Grocery Anchored Retail		Industrial	F	Multi- Residential		Core Service fice Provider		Manufactured Homes Communities	C	Corporate	Thi	ree Months Ended June 30, 2021
Net Operating Income															
Rental Revenue	\$ 6,509,71	9 \$	1,137,320	\$	2,479,134	\$	871,739	\$	133,730	\$	145,715		-	\$	11,277,357
Property Operating Expenses	(2,195,80	3)	(470,744)		(906,480)		(348,094)		(120,314)		(25,539)		-		(4,066,974)
	4,313,91	6	666,576		1,572,653		523,646		13,416		120,176		-		7,210,383
Interest and Other Income	4,47	9	7,375		3,005		43		-		370		64		15,337
Expenses:															
Finance Costs	1,319,36	2	28,133		480,132		160,864		9,960		20,874		264,884		2,284,208
General and Administrative	214,26	8	9,806		134,390		69,119		515		19,323		1,248,429		1,695,849
	1,533,63	0	37,938		614,521		229,983		10,475		40,197		1,513,314		3,980,057
Income Before Fair Value Adjustments	2,784,76	5	636,013		961,137		293,707		2,941		80,349		(1,513,250)		3,245,663
Fair Value Adjustments:															
Investment Properties	46,95	7	102,389		29,814,582		(35,394)		(90,478)		-		-		29,838,055
Loss on Sale of Investment Properties	-		(381,143)		_		-		-				-		(381,143)
Unit-based Compensation Recovery/(Expense)	-		-		-		-		-				(866,782)		(866,782)
Net Income/(Loss) and Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	\$ 2,831,72	2 \$	357,259	\$	30,775,719	\$	258,313	\$	(87,537)	\$	80,349	\$	(2,380,032)	\$	31,835,794
	Grocery Anchored Retail	1	Non-Grocery Anchored Retail		Industrial	F	Multi- Residential		Core Service fice Provider		Manufactured Homes Communities	c	Corporate	Thi	ree Months Ended June 30, 2020
Net Operating Income															
Rental Revenue	\$ 6,569,63	0 \$	1,250,555	\$	2,504,217	\$	437,888	\$	215,888	\$	_		_	\$	10,978,187
Property Operating Expenses	(2,477,05		(469,554)	Ψ	(872,355)	Ψ.	(196,619)	Ψ	(129,834)	Ψ	_		_	Ψ	(4,145,420)
4 . 7 . 1	4,092,57		781,001		1,631,862		241,269		86,054		-		-		6,832,767
Interest and Other Income	4,58	0	-		457		35		-		-		654		5,726
Expenses:															
Finance Costs	2,559,17	9	51,441		(874,720)		81,105		31,835		-		98,551		1,947,390
General and Administrative	336,03	0	37,219		137,243		31,474		-		-		527,681		1,069,658
	2,895,20	9	88,660		(737,477)		112,579		31,835		-		626,232		3,017,049
Income Before Fair Value Adjustments	1,201,94	3	692,341		2,369,797		128,725		54,219		-		(625,578)		3,821,446
Fair Value Adjustments:															
Investment Properties	(3,176,78	3)	409,208		(170,297)		371,456		2,319		-		-		(2,564,098)
Gain on Sale of Investment Properties	-	,	-		9,097		-		-				-		9,097
Unit-based Compensation Recovery/(Expense)	-		-		-		-		-				(91,837)		(91,837
Finance Costs	1,397,00	3	33,452		1,238,548		-		-				-		2,669,002
Net Income/(Loss) and Comprehensive Income/(Loss)			-	\$	3,447,143	2	500,181	\$	56,538	\$	-	\$	(717,415)	\$	3,843,610

	Grocery Anchored Retail	Non-Groce Anchored Retail	у	Industrial	R	Multi- esidential	ore Service ce Provider	anufactured Homes ommunities	Corporate	 Six Months Ended June 30, 2021
Net Operating Income										
Rental Revenue	\$ 13,021,077	\$ 2,671,63	39 \$	5,157,871	\$	1,298,273	\$ 291,825	\$ 174,253	-	\$ 22,614,937
Property Operating Expenses	(4,546,256)	(1,057,6	73)	(1,880,314)		(547,009)	(279, 314)	(42,422)	(480)	(8,353,465)
	8,576,443	1,614,2	61	3,175,456		751,265	12,216	131,831	-	14,261,472
Interest and Other Income	4,479	7,3	75	3,005		43	-	370	8,290	23,563
Expenses:										
Finance Costs	2,647,838	57,4	11	964,847		240,468	40,201	20,874	520,622	4,492,260
General and Administrative	676,861	77,5	20	273,802		100,593	515	24,166	2,206,498	3,359,954
	3,324,699	134,9		1,238,648		341,061	40,716	45,040	2,727,121	7,852,214
Income Before Fair Value Adjustments	5,256,223	1,486,7	06	1,939,812		410,247	(28,500)	87,162	(2,718,831)	6,432,821
Fair Value Adjustments:										
Investment Properties	372,119	1,338,3	88	35,784,175		8,054	(135, 174)	-	-	37,367,542
Loss on Sale of Investment Properties	-	(645,0	34)	-		-	-	-	-	(645,034)
Unit-based Compensation Recovery/(Expense)	-			-		-	-		(1,160,021)	(1,160,021)
Net Income/(Loss) and Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	\$ 5,628,342	\$ 2,180,0	10 \$	37,723,987	\$	418,301	\$ (163,674)	\$ 87,162	\$ (3,878,852)	\$ 41,995,308
	Grocery Anchored Retail	Non-Groce Anchored Retail	У	Industrial	R	Multi- esidential	ore Service ce Provider	anufactured Homes ommunities	Corporate	 Six Months Ended June 30, 2020
Net Operating Income										
Rental Revenue	\$ 13,649,866	\$ 2,484,2	98 \$	4,872,720	\$	868,479	\$ 357,288	\$ -	-	\$ 22,232,652
Property Operating Expenses	(5,035,137)	(917,5	14)	(1,772,631)		(389,752)	(257,869)	-	-	(8,372,903)
	8,614,729	1,566,7	34	3,100,089		478,727	99,419	-	-	13,859,749
Interest and Other Income	13,423	1,6	10	700		54	-		18,643	34,459
Expenses:										
Finance Costs	2,648,168	177,7	19	785,816		176,063	64,188	-	175,006	4,026,991
General and Administrative	558,376	74,3	79	264,030		58,868	224	-	1,122,922	2,078,798
	3,206,544	252,1	28	1,049,846		234,931	64,412	-	1,297,928	6,105,789
Income Before Fair Value Adjustments	5,421,609	1,316,2	95	2,050,944		243,850	35,007	-	(1,279,285)	7,788,419
Fair Value Adjustments:										
Investment Properties	(11,011,345)	(131,3	33)	(166,799)		930,875	(9,261)	-	-	(10,387,863)
Gain on Sale of Investment Properties	-	-		9,097		-	- '	-	-	9,097
Unit-based Compensation Recovery/(Expense)	-	-		-		-	-	-	1,068,934	1,068,934
Finance Costs	-	-		-		_	-		-	· · · · -

CO-OWNERSHIP INTERESTS

The Trust's Properties has the following property interests and includes its proportionate share of the related assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses of these properties:

As at June	30.	2021
------------	-----	------

		Trust Wholly		Co-Owned at Proportionate		Co-Owned at
	•	Owned	•	Ownership	Total	100%
Current Assets	\$	5,108,135	\$	7,351,574	\$ 12,459,709	\$ 40,930,543
Non-Current Assets		71,624,074		453,033,796	524,657,870	856,218,326
Total Assets	\$	76,732,209	\$	460,385,370	\$ 537,117,579	\$ 897,148,869
Current Liabilities		5,078,913		10,967,946	16,046,859	37,324,231
Non-Current Liabilities		19,430,756		215,468,037	234,898,793	\$ 416,312,594
Total Liabilities	\$	24,509,668	\$	226,435,984	\$ 250,945,652	\$ 453,636,825
Total Owners' Equity	\$	52,222,541	\$	233,949,386	\$ 286,171,927	\$ 443,512,044

As at December 31, 2020

	Owned	F	Proportionate	Total	100%
Current Assets	\$ 878,687	\$	30,214,587	\$ 31,093,275	\$ 67,242,086
Non-Current Assets	87,017,187		362,410,206	449,427,393	710,048,124
Total Assets	\$ 87,895,874	\$	392,624,793	\$ 480,520,668	\$ 777,290,210
Current Liabilities	16,679,315		29,621,856	46,301,171	51,360,944
Non-Current Liabilities	19,496,475		191,271,068	210,767,543	\$ 379,511,549
Total Liabilities	\$ 36,175,790	\$	220,892,924	\$ 257,068,714	\$ 430,872,493
Total Owners' Equity	\$ 51,720,085	\$	171,731,869	\$ 223,451,954	\$ 346,417,717

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2021								
_		Co-Owned at							
	Trust Wholly	Proportionate			Co-Owned at				
	Owned	Ownership	1	Total	100%				
Net Operating Income									
Rental Revenue \$	1,925,284	\$ 9,352,073	\$	11,277,357 \$	18,303,365				
Property Operating Expenses	(764,672)	(3,302,302)		(4,066,974)	(6,631,456)				
	1,160,612	6,049,771		7,210,383	11,671,909				
Interest and Other Income	953	14,384		15,337	25,792				
Expenses:									
Finance Costs	439,936	1,844,272		2,284,208	3,592,587				
General and Administrative	590,821	1,105,028		1,695,849	542,607				
	1,030,757	2,949,300		3,980,057	4,135,193				
Income Before Fair Value Adjustments Fair Value Adjustments:	130,808	3,114,855		3,245,663	7,562,507				
Investment Properties	53,162	29,784,893		29,838,055	52,151,576				
Gain on Sale of Investment Properties	-	(381,143)		(381,143)	(500,770)				
Unit-based Compensation Recovery/(Expense)	(866,782)	-		(866,782)	<u>-</u>				
Net Income/(Loss) and Comprehensive Income/(Loss) \$	(682,812)	\$ 32,518,606	\$	31,835,794 \$	59,213,313				

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020									
				Co-Owned at						
	T	rust Wholly		Proportionate				Co-Owned at		
		Owned		Ownership		Total		100%		
Net Operating Income										
Rental Revenue	\$	2,019,542	\$	8,958,636	\$	10,978,178	\$	16,978,423		
Property Operating Expenses		(823,232)		(3,322,188)		(4,145,420)		(6,706,332)		
		1,196,310		5,636,448		6,832,758		10,272,091		
Interest and Other Income		664		5,062		5,726		11,023		
Expenses:										
Finance Costs		302,288		1,645,103		1,947,391		3,238,927		
General and Administrative		697,209		372,438		1,069,647		537,826		
		999,497		2,017,541		3,017,038		3,776,753		
Income Before Fair Value Adjustments Fair Value Adjustments:		197,477		3,623,969		3,821,446		6,506,361		
Investment Properties		(478,009)		(2,086,089)		(2,564,098)		(4,486,622)		
Gain on Sale of Investment Properties		-		9,097		9,097		12,995		
Unit-based Compensation Recovery/(Expense)		(91,837)		-		(91,837)		-		
Finance Costs		-		2,669,002		2,669,002		5,318,890		
Net Income/(Loss) and Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	\$	(372,369)	\$	4,215,979	\$	3,843,610	\$	7,351,623		

		Six Months End	ed June 30, 2021	
	Trust Wholly Owned	Co-Owned at Proportionate Ownership		Co-Owned at 100%
Net Operating Income				
Rental Revenue	3,894,789	\$ 18,720,149	\$ 22,614,937 \$	36,612,608
Property Operating Expenses	(1,646,802)	(6,706,663)	(8,353,465)	(13,548,667)
	2,247,987	12,013,485	14,261,472	23,063,941
Interest and Other Income	1,076	22,487	23,563	42,012
Expenses:				
Finance Costs	843,953	3,648,307	4,492,260	7,151,586
General and Administrative	1,863,199	1,496,755	3,359,954	1,041,241
	2,707,151	5,145,063	7,852,214	8,192,827
Income Before Fair Value Adjustments	(458,089)	6,890,910	6,432,821	14,913,126
Fair Value Adjustments:				
Investment Properties	441,399	36,926,143	37,367,542	71,849,108
Loss on Sale of Investment Properties	-	(645,034)	(645,034)	(921,477)
Unit-based Compensation Recovery/(Expense)	(1,160,021)		(1,160,021)	
Net Income/(Loss) and Comprehensive Income/(Loss) \$	(1,176,712)	\$ 43,172,019	\$ 41,995,308 \$	85,840,757

			S	ix Months End	ed	June 30, 2020		
	Tr	rust Wholly		Co-Owned at Proportionate		Total		Co-Owned at
		Owned		Ownership		Total		100%
Net Operating Income								
Rental Revenue	\$	4,093,599	\$	18,139,053	\$	22,232,652	\$	34,949,151
Property Operating Expenses		(1,701,867)		(6,671,036)		(8,372,903)		(13,463,197)
		2,391,732		11,468,017		13,859,749		21,485,954
Interest and Other Income		18,707		15,752		34,459		33,763
Expenses:								
Finance Costs		561,490		3,465,501		4,026,991		12,135,226
General and Administrative		1,372,337		706,461		2,078,798		1,396,820
		1,933,827		4,171,962		6,105,789		13,532,046
Income Before Fair Value Adjustments Fair Value Adjustments:		476,613		7,311,807		7,788,419		7,987,671
Investment Properties		(2,087,005)		(8,300,858)		(10,387,863)		(15,927,797)
Gain on Sale of Investment Properties		-		9,097		9,097		12,995
Unit-based Compensation Recovery/(Expense)		1,068,934		-		1,068,934		-
Net Income/(Loss) and Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	\$	(541,458)	\$	(979,955)	\$	(1,521,413) \$	<u> </u>	(7,927,130)

COMPARABLE CASH FLOWS

Comparable operating, investing and financing cash flows for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2021 are outlined below:

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended			Ended	
		Jun 30, 2021		Jun 30, 2020		Jun 30, 2021		Jun 30, 2020
Operating Activities	\$	8,778,078	\$	5,602,244	-\$	12,550,193	\$	9,084,908
Investing Activities		(21,037,775)		(416,990)		(23,408,427)		(7,196,358)
Financing Activities		7,909,920		6,480,712		5,878,233		(11,908,468)
Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	(4,349,777)	\$	11,665,966	\$	(4,980,000)	\$	(10,019,920)
Cash & Cash Equivalents / (Bank Indebtedness), Beginning of Period		5,055,736		(8,939,290)		5,685,951		12,746,594
Cash & Cash Equivalents / (Bank Indebtedness), End of Period	\$	705,955	\$	2,726,676	\$	705,955	\$	2,726,676

Cash provided by operating activities increased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 in comparison to the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 largely due to changes in working capital.

Cash provided by investing activities decreased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 in comparison to the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 largely due to the acquisitions of Mountview, the Edmonton and Lower Sackville Apartment complexes offset by the proceeds received from the Centre Ice dispositions.

Cash provided by financing activities increased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 in comparison to the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 due to lower mortgage repayment activity, offset by higher bank indebtedness draws due to in large part to the three acquisitions mentioned, new mortgages and equity issuance (see below).

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

As at June 30, 2021, the Trust's property portfolio consisted of 68 properties with a fair value of \$524 million, in comparison to the \$456.2 million reported as at June 30, 2020. The variance is largely due to assets reclassed to Assets Held for Sale, offset by a higher net fair market value adjustment due to lower capitalization rates and the three acquisitions noted above. The investment portfolio valuation is allocated by property type as follows:

	Retail and		Core Service				Manufacturd Housing	
	Commercial	F	Provider Office	Industrial	N	/lulti-residential	Communities	Total
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$ 336,292,371	\$	5,339,600	\$ 97,738,004	\$	18,407,747	\$ -	\$ 457,777,717
Acquisitions	-		-	5,421,503		-	-	5,421,503
Dispositions	-		-	(34,024)		-	-	(34,024)
Capital Expenditures	1,484,194		11,820	329,352		49,626	-	1,874,992
Straight-line Rents	1,242,375		988	262,956		-	-	1,506,319
Fair Value Adjustment	(10,885,016)		(21,689)	(412,033)		930,875	-	(10,387,863)
Balance, June 30, 2020	\$ 328,133,924	\$	5,330,718	\$ 103,305,758	\$	19,388,247	\$ -	\$ 456,158,643
Capital Expenditures	1,937,564		53,180	1,295,091		64,946	\$ -	3,350,782
Straight-line Rents	162,516		437	\$ (7,444)	\$	-	\$ -	155,509
Assets Held for Sale	(20,043,100)		-	-		-	-	(20,043,100)
Fair Value Adjustment	2,448,579		(52,060)	6,833,737		575,303	-	9,805,560
Balance, December 31, 2020	\$ 312,639,483	\$	5,332,276	\$ 111,427,143	\$	20,028,497	\$ -	\$ 449,427,393
Acquisitions	-		-	-		30,261,000	8,653,157	38,914,157
Capital Expenditures	2,569,284		30,569	190,361		24,235	-	2,814,450
Straight-line Rents	197,450		674	8,096		-	-	206,220
Assets Held for Sale	(4,771,900)		-	-		-	-	(4,771,900)
Fair Value Adjustment	1,710,486		(135,174)	35,784,175		8,054	-	37,367,542
Balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 312,344,804	\$	5,228,345	\$ 147,409,775	\$	50,321,786	\$ 8,653,157	\$ 523,957,870

For the period ended June 30, 2021, senior management of the Trust valued the Investment Properties using the overall capitalization method and independent third party appraisals. Investment properties are valued on a highest and best use basis. For all of the Trust's investment properties, the current use is considered the best use. Fair value was determined by applying a capitalization rate to stabilized net operating income ("Stabilized NOI"). Stabilized NOI incorporates allowances for vacancy, management fees and structural reserves for tenant inducements and capital expenditures and is capped at a rate deemed appropriate for each investment property. Capitalization rates are based on many factors, including but not limited to the asset location, type, size and quality of the asset and taking into account any available market data at the valuation date.

Properties are typically independently appraised at the time of acquisition or refinancing. When an independent appraisal is obtained, the Trust assesses all major inputs used by the independent valuators in preparing their reports and holds discussions with them on the reasonableness of their assumptions. The reports are then used by the Trust for consideration in preparing the valuations as reported in these consolidated financial statements.

Capitalization rates used in the valuation of investment properties as of June 30, 2021 are based on current market data available and have been adjusted for our enclosed mall and non-anchored retail portfolio to reflect market uncertainty related to COVID-19. Given the uncertainty around the duration of COVID-19 and the potential negative impact it may have on the real estate industry, it is not possible to predict the impact of the capitalization rates in the future across all of our investment properties at this time.

The Trust continues to review its cash flow projections, liquidity and the fair value of its real estate portfolio in these challenging times. Capitalization rates could change materially as additional market data becomes available. As such, significant changes in assumptions concerning rental income, occupancy rates, tenant inducements and future market rents could negatively impact future real estate valuations and the Trust's overall operations as COVID-19 pandemic continues.

The properties independently appraised each year represent a subset of the property types and geographic distribution of the overall portfolio. For the period from January 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021, approximately 25% of the portfolio has been independently appraised. A breakdown of the

aggregate fair value of investment properties independently appraised each quarter, in accordance with the Trust's policy, is as follows:

			2021			2020
	Number of investment properties	Fair value at 100%	Fair value at Trust's share	Number of investment properties	Fair value at 1 100%	Fair value at Trust's share
Q1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	1	180,600,000	90,300,000	2	14,209,000	14,209,000
Q3	-	-	-	3	30,076,000	30,076,000
Q4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1	\$ 180,600,000	\$ 90,300,000	5	\$ 44,285,000	\$ 44,285,000

Investment Properties measured at fair value are categorized by level according to the inputs used. The Trust has classified these inputs as Level 3. With the exception of the acquisition and dispositions of investment properties as further described in note 4 of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, there have been no transfers into or out of Level 3 in the current year. Significant unobservable inputs in Level 3 valuations are as follows:

June 30, 2021	Retail & Commercial	Core Service Provider Office	Industrial	Multi-Residential	Manufactured Housing Communities	Weighted Average
Capitalization Rate	4.16% - 7.75%	7.00%	3.95% - 7.00%	5.00%	5.75%	5.65%
Weighted Average Capitalization Rate	6.21%	7.00%	4.66%	5.06%	5.75%	5.65%
	Retail &	Core Service			Manufactured Housing	
December 31, 2020	Commercial	Provider Office	Industrial	Multi-Residential	Communities	Weighted Average
Capitalization Rate	4.16% - 7.75%	7.00%	5.25% - 7.00%	5.00%-5.10%	-	6.02%
Weighted Average Capitalization Rate	6.24%	7.00%	5.54%	5.06%	-	6.02%

Assets Held For Sale: The Trust has executed purchase and sale agreements for three assets from the Centre Ice Retail Portfolio with gross proceeds of approximately \$8.2 million. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements carry these properties as assets held for sale at its fair market value as at June 30, 2021 for approximately \$5.7 million at its proportionate consolidated basis (\$20 million as at December 31, 2020).

Gain/Loss On Sale of Investment Properties: On June 30, 2020, the Trust completed the sale of its interest in a portion of land from the Waterloo Industrial Portfolio with gross proceeds of approximately \$0.06 million. The Trust's pro-rata share of the gross proceeds is \$0.04 million. The Trust recognized a gain on sale of approximately \$0.01 million.

During the six months ended June 30, 2021, the Trust completed sales of ten retail properties from the Centre Ice Retail Portfolio with gross proceeds of approximately \$27.2 million. The Trust's pro-rata share of the gross proceeds was \$19 million. The Trust recognized a loss on sale of \$0.65 million as a result of closing costs associated with the Assets Held for Sale.

Note Receivable: As part of one of the dispositions, during the six months ended June 30, 2021, the Centre Ice Retail Portfolio co-tenancy assumed a note receivable from the purchaser for \$1.0 million. Terms are 5% interest only, two year term, fully open for repayment prior to maturity and fully secured against the disposed property. The Trust's portion of the note receivable is \$0.7 million as at June 30, 2021.

CURRENT ASSETS

Current assets as at June 30, 2021, March 31, 2021 and June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

	Jun 30,	March 31,	Jun 30,
	2021	2021	2020
Accounts Receivable	\$ 2,980,500	\$ 3,501,271	\$ 3,554,618
Prepaid Expenses, Deposits & Other Assets	3,016,284	3,428,716	2,003,611
Cash & Cash Equivalents	705,955	5,055,736	2,726,676
Restricted Cash	51,970	206,371	50,292
Assets Held For Sale	5,705,000	15,817,200	-
	\$12,459,709	\$ 28,009,294	\$ 8,335,197

Accounts receivable consist mainly of tenant receivables, straight line rent adjustments and Harmonized Sales Tax ("HST") and Quebec Sales Tax ("QST") recoveries from the Canada Revenue Agency and Revenue Quebec, respectively. Prepaid expenses, deposits and other assets consist mainly of prepaid property taxes, insurance, utility deposits, deferred financing costs related to the Facility and the capitalization of free rent provided to tenants as required under IFRS. Restricted Cash represents realty tax escrows requested by the lender on the Guelph Retail Portfolio mortgage. Assets Held For Sale consists of the fair market value of assets that is under contract to be sold as outlined above.

BANK INDEBTEDNESS

Revolving Operating Facility: The Trust has entered into a Revolving Operating Facility (the "Facility") with a Canadian Chartered Bank (the "Bank") fully secured by first charges against certain investment properties. On June 30, 2021, the total amount available under the Facility was \$22.0 million. The interest rate is based on a calculated formula using the Bank's prime lending rate. Amounts drawn under the Facility are due to be repaid at the maturity date on October 31, 2022. Amounts drawn under the Facility as at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 were nil and \$2,038,051, respectively

Line of Credit: The Trust has entered into a Line of Credit (the "LOC") with a Canadian Chartered Bank (the "Bank") fully secured by first charges against the Merivale Mall Property. On June 30, 2021, the total amount available under the LOC was \$22.0 million. The interest rate is based on a calculated formula using the Bank's prime lending rate. Amounts drawn under the Facility are due to be repaid at the maturity date on November 30, 2025. Amounts drawn under the LOC as at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 were \$nil and \$18,500,000, respectively.

MORTGAGES

As at June 30, 2021, total outstanding mortgages were \$238,778,433 (\$227,519,621 as at December 31, 2020), net of unamortized financing costs of \$1,067,967 (\$1,303,922 as at December 31, 2020), offset by a \$431,543 (\$545,996 as at December 31, 2020) mark to market adjustment with a weighted average interest rate of approximately 3.4% (3.4% as at December 31, 2020) and weighted average repayment term of approximately 3.9 years (3.9 years as at December 31, 2020). The mortgages are repayable as follows:

	Scheduled	Debt Maturing	Total	Scheduled
	Principal	During The	Mortgages	Interest
	Repayments	Period	Payable	Payments
2021	2,992,232	-	2,992,232	3,905,310
2022	7,281,459	6,268,275	13,549,734	7,307,065
2023	5,857,596	48,413,617	54,271,213	6,324,335
2024	3,109,262	87,293,847	90,403,109	3,447,274
2025	1,963,648	12,095,829	14,059,476	1,948,779
Thereafter	3,864,411	60,274,681	64,139,093	5,402,947
Face Value	\$25,068,608	\$ 214,346,249	\$ 239,414,858	\$28,335,710
Unamortized Finan	cing Costs		(1,067,968)	
Mark to Market on A	Assumed Mortgages		431,543	
Total Mortgages			\$ 238,778,433	

		June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Current:			
Mortgages	\$	5,870,184	\$ 18,627,014
Unamortized Financing Costs		(471,909)	(485,287)
Mark to Market on Assumed Mortgages		138,855	173,609
	\$	5,537,130	\$ 18,315,336
Non-Current:			
Mortgages	\$ 2	233,544,674	\$209,650,534
Unamortized Financing Costs		(596,059)	(818,635)
Mark to Market on Assumed Mortgages		292,688	372,387
	\$ 2	233,241,304	\$209,204,286
	\$ 2	238,778,433	\$227,519,622

On February 1, 2020, the Trust repaid an \$11.1 million mortgage fully secured against the Merivale Mall property in the FCR Retail Portfolio.

On April 30, 2020, the Trust refinanced its existing mortgage on its Waterloo Industrial Portfolio with a Canadian Chartered Bank. The principal balance of the mortgage at maturity was \$24.8 million, while the Trust's portion was \$17.3 million. The new mortgage is a \$39.0 million first mortgage with an interest rate of prime plus 25 basis points with a 21.5 year amortization. The Trust's portion of this new mortgage is \$27.3 million.

On April 30, 2020, the Trust refinanced its existing mortgage on its Whitby Mall Property with a Canadian Chartered Bank. The principal balance of the mortgage at maturity was \$23.8 million, while the Trust's portion was \$9.5 million. The new mortgage is an \$18.0 million first mortgage fixed at an interest rate of 2.1% with a 25 year amortization. The Trust's portion of this new mortgage is \$14.4 million.

On November 9, 2020, the Trust financed two new mortgages totaling \$5.1 million on its Edmonton Industrial Portfolio. The Trust's portion of these financings are \$2.5 million. The mortgages have a 3.45% interest rate, amortizes and matures on December 5, 2022.

On April 30, 2021, the Mountview Manufactured Home Community was financed with an \$11.3 million first mortgage from a Canadian Chartered Bank. The interest only mortgage carries a 2.5% interest rate and a 1 year term. The Trust's pro rata share of the mortgage is \$5.7 million

On May 3, 2021, the Trust financed a new \$17.0 million mortgage (\$11.9 million Trust's pro-rated share) as part of the acquisition in Edmonton, Alberta as described in note 3 of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements. The mortgage has a 2.36% interest rate, amortizes and matures on May 1, 2026.

On May 5, 2021, the Trust financed a new \$13.7 million mortgage (\$9.6 million Trust's pro-rated share) as part of the acquisition in Lower Saskville, Nova Scotia as described in note 3 of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements. The mortgage has a 2.40% interest rate, amortizes and matures on June 1, 2026.

During the six months ended June 30, 2021, the Trust completed sales of ten retail properties from the Centre Ice Retail Portfolio for gross proceeds of approximately \$27.2 million. The Trust's pro-rata share of the gross proceeds was \$19 million. The Trust used these proceeds to reduce the current mortgage balance on the portfolio by \$10.9 million encumbering the Centre Ice Portfolio. As such, no amount is owing on the Centre Ice Portfolio.

LAND LEASE LIABILITY

On May 9, 2019, as part of the FCR Retail Portfolio acquisition, the joint arrangement assumed a land lease on a retail property located in Ottawa, Ontario. The terms of the land lease are gross annual payments of \$101,040 per annum that mature on April 1, 2027. The land lease liability is calculated in accordance with IFRS 16, using a present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at May 9, 2019 of 6.25% for the term of the lease. The Trust's pro-rata portion of the lease liability is as follows (at 50%):

l ease	: -	L :	1.4
I EXSE	12	nı	IITV

			Imputed	
	Opening	Lease	Interest	
	Balance	Payment	Expense	Ending Balance
2021	292,714	(50,520)	8,044	250,238
2022	250,238	(50,520)	13,936	213,654
2023	213,654	(50,520)	11,650	174,783
2024	174,783	(50,520)	9,220	133,483
2025	133,483	(50,520)	6,639	89,602
Thereafter	89,602	(50,520)	5,022	44,103

	June 30,
	2021
Current	\$ 34,970
Non-Current	215,268
Total	\$ 250,238

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE & ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities as at June 30, 2021, March 31, 2021, and June 30, 2020 consist of the following:

	Jun 30, 2021	March 31, 2021	Jun 30, 2020
Utilities, Repairs & Maintenance, Other	4,831,590	4,533,945	4,036,129
Due to Asset & Property Manager	1,440,490	745,169	265,075
Accrued Interest Expense	416,027	380,781	316,116
Option Liabilities	1,905,247	1,038,465	103,901
	\$ 8,593,354 \$	6,698,360 \$	4,721,221

Utilities, Repairs & Maintenance, Other consist of utility costs, property taxes, repairs and maintenance, GST/HST payables to CRA, QST payables to Revenue Quebec and professional fees. Due to Asset & Property Manager represent amounts payable to Firm Capital Realty Partners Inc. ("FCRPI") and Firm Capital Property Management Corp. ("FCPMC") as outlined below. Option liabilities relate to the unit option plan as outlined below.

UNIT OPTION PLAN & OPTION LIABILITIES

Under the Trust's unit option plan, the aggregate number of unit options reserved for issuance at any given time shall not exceed 10% of the number of outstanding Trust Units. As at June 30, 2021, the Trust has 2,610,000 Trust unit options issued and outstanding consisting of the following issuances:

- On August 15, 2016, the Trust granted 535,000 Trust unit options at a weighted average exercise price of \$6.05 per Trust Unit. The unit options fully vested on the date of grant and expire on August 15, 2021. The balance as at June 30, 2021 was 305,000 Trust unit options.
- On March 26, 2018, the Trust granted 600,000 Trust unit options at a weighted average exercise price of \$6.25 per Trust Unit. 525,000 unit options fully vested on the date of the grant with the remaining 75,000 vesting at one third each year for the next three years and expire on March 26, 2023. The balance as at June 30, 2021 was 515,000 Trust unit options.
- On November 8, 2018, the Trust granted 60,000 Trust unit options at a weighted average exercise price of \$6.35 per Trust Unit. The unit options fully vested on the date of grant and expire on November 8, 2023. The balance as at June 30, 2021 was 60,000 Trust unit options.
- On August 14, 2019, the Trust granted 1,400,000 Trust unit options at a weighted average exercise price of \$6.40 per Trust Unit. 1,290,000 unit options fully vested on the date of the grant with the remaining 110,000 vesting at one-third each year for the next three years and expire on August 14, 2024. The balance as at June 30, 2021 was 1,333,333 Trust unit options.
- On December 1, 2020, the Trust granted 400,000 Trust Unit options at a weighted average exercise price of \$6.75 per Trust Unit. 360,000 unit options fully vested on the date of the grant with the remaining 40,000 vesting at one-third each year for the next three years and

expire on December 1, 2025. The balance as at June 30, 2021 was 396,667 Trust unit options.

No options were granted during the priod that ended June 30, 2021.

Unit-based compensation related to the aforementioned unit options stands at an expense of \$1,160,021 for the six months ended June 30, 2021 (\$1,068,934 recovery for the six months ended June 30, 2020). Unit-based compensation was determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and based on the following assumptions:

	As at June 30, 2021	As at December 31, 2020
Expected Option Life (Years)	1.0	1.0
Risk Free Interest Rate	0.23%	0.17%
Distribution Yield	7.06%	7.96%
Expected Volatility	20.00%	20.00%

Expected volatility is based in part on the historical volatility of the Trust Units. The risk free interest rate of return is the yield on zero-coupon Government of Canada bonds of a term consistent with the expected option life.

UNITHOLDERS' EQUITY

Unitholders' equity as at June 30, 2021 was \$286,171,927 and consists of the following:

		Unitholder's
	Number of Units	Equity
Unitholders' Equity, December 31, 2019	30,644,385	\$229,039,075
Normal Course Issuer Bid	(209,000)	(1,054,394)
Issuance of Units from DRIP	228	1,550
Less: Issue Costs	-	(130,691)
Add: Net Income	-	(1,521,414)
Less: Distributions	-	(7,645,541)
Unitholders' Equity, June 30, 2020	30,435,613	\$218,688,586
Normal Course Issuer Bid	(586,200)	(3,092,485)
Issuance of Units from DRIP	281	1,500
Redemption	(500,000)	(2,115,000)
Less: Issue Costs	-	(16,640)
Add: Net Income		17,352,541
Less: Distributions		(7,366,547)
Unitholders' Equity, December 31, 2021	29,349,694	\$223,451,954
Options Exercised	215,000	1,318,917
Issuance of Units from DRIP	153	1,000
Public Equity Offering	4,107,800	27,104,694
Add: Net Income		41,995,308
Less: Distributions		(7,699,941)
Unitholders' Equity, June 30, 2021	33,672,647	\$286,171,927

- Normal Course Issuer Bid: On April 3, 2020, the Trust received approval from the TSXV to commence a Normal Course Issuer Bid ("NCIB") to purchase up to 2,829,746 Trust Units, being equal to 10% of the public float. The bid commenced on April 8, 2020 and ends on the earlier of April 7, 2021, or at such time as the NCIB has been completed or terminated at the Trust's discretion. The Trust has repurchased 795,200 Trust Units for cancellation through its NCIB for gross proceeds of approximately \$4.1 million.
- Redemption: In accordance with the Declaration of Trust as further described in note 8(b) of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, a Unitholder redeemed their Trust Units. On July 29, 2020, a unitholder redeemed 500,000 Trust Units for \$4.23 per Trust Unit for gross proceeds of approximately \$2.1 million.
- Options Exercised: During the period ended June 30, 2021, 215,000 Trust unit options at a weighted average price of \$6.13 per Trust Unit were exercised for gross proceeds of approximately \$1.3 million.

As at August 16, 2021, there were 33,947,647 Trust Units issued and outstanding.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with related parties are in the normal course of business and are recorded at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties, and are measured at fair value.

ASSET MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

The Trust has entered into an Asset Management Agreement with FCRPI, an entity indirectly related to certain trustees and management of the Trust. The term of the contract is initially ten years and automatically renews for successive five year periods. Details of the Asset Management Agreement are posted on SEDAR (www.SEDAR.com) and in the notes to the financial statements.

On October 20, 2016, the terms of the Asset Management and Acquisition Fees changed. For further information, please refer to the notes to the financial statements.

For the six months ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, Asset Management Fees were \$1,398,999 and \$1,362,622; Acquisition Fees were \$290,453 and \$40,219; Placement Fees were \$104,250 and Performance Incentive Fees were \$1,374,551 and \$174,840, respectively.

For the six months ended June 31, 2021, Asset Management Fees were higher than the amount reported at June 30, 2020 due to the acquisition activity that occurred during 2020 and 2021. For the period ended June 30, 2021, Acquisition Fees are higher than the amount reported at June 30, 2020 due to higher acquisition activity during the reported period. Performance Fees are higher then the amount reported at June 30, 2020 largely due to the disposition of the Centre Ice portfolio.

Asset Management and Performance Incentive Fees are recorded in General and Administrative Expenses while Acquisition and Placement Fees are capitalized to Investment Properties, Mortgages and Unitholders' Equity on the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Unrealized Performance Incentive Fees, pursuant to the Asset Management Agreement with the Asset Manager, are a contingent liability of the Trust in the event of contract termination or asset disposition and represent approximately \$11.6 million as being contingently payable to the Asset Manager. The respective Net Asset Value of the assets of the Trust have been reduced accordingly due to the treatment of the contingent liability.

PROPERTY MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

The Trust has entered into a Property Management Agreement with FCPMC, an entity indirectly related to certain trustees and management of the Trust. The term of the contract is initially ten years and automatically renews for successive five year periods. Details of the Property Management Agreement are posted on SEDAR (www.SEDAR.com) and in the notes to the financial statements.

For the period ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, Property Management Fees were \$401,231 and \$399,295 and Commercial Leasing Fees were \$30,253 and \$78,535, respectively

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, Property Management Fees were higher than the amount reported at June 30, 2020 largely due to the various acquisitions as discussed above.

Property Management Fees are charged monthly. Commercial leasing and renewal fees are charged on a per lease basis.

INCOME TAXES

The Trust is a mutual fund trust and a real estate investment trust (a "REIT") pursuant to the Income Tax Act (Canada) (the "Tax Act"). Under current tax legislation, a REIT is entitled to deduct distributions of taxable income such that it is not liable to pay income taxes provided that its taxable income is fully distributed to Unitholders each year. The Trust is a REIT if it meets prescribed conditions under the Tax Act relating to the nature of its assets and revenue (the "REIT Conditions"). The Trust has reviewed the REIT Conditions and has assessed their interpretation and application.

The Trust intends to qualify as a REIT under the Tax Act and to make distributions not less than the amount necessary to ensure that the Trust will not be liable to pay income taxes. Accordingly, no current or deferred income taxes have been recorded in the consolidated financial statements.

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Trust's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the ability to continue as a going concern, and to generate sufficient returns to provide unitholders with stable cash distributions. The Trust's capital currently consists of Bank Indebtedness, Mortgages and Unitholders' equity.

The Trust's Declaration of Trust permits the Trust to incur or assume indebtedness, provided that after giving effect to incurring or assuming any indebtedness (as defined in the Declaration of Trust), the amount of such indebtedness of the Trust is not more than 75% of the gross book value of the Trust's total assets. Gross Book Value ("GBV") is defined in the Declaration of Trust as "at any time, the book value of the assets of the Trust and its consolidated subsidiaries, as shown on its then most recent consolidated balance sheet, plus the amount of accumulated depreciation and amortization in respect of such assets (and related intangible assets) shown thereon or in the notes thereto plus the amount of future income tax liability arising out of indirect acquisitions and excluding the amount of any receivable reflecting interest rate subsidies on any debt assumed by the Trust shown thereon or in the notes thereto, or if approved by a majority of the Trustees at any time, the appraised value of the assets of the Trust and its consolidated subsidiaries may be used instead of book value." As at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, the ratio of such indebtedness to gross book value was 44.5% and 51.2%, respectively, which complies with the requirement in the Declaration of Trust and is consistent with the Trust's objectives.

With respect to the Bank Indebtedness, the Trust must maintain ratios including minimum unitholders' equity, maximum debt/GBV, minimum interest service and debt service coverage ratios. The Trust monitors these ratios and is in compliance with these requirements throughout the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

The Trust's contractual obligations over the next few years are as follows:

	Less than 1			
	Year	1 - 2 Years	> 2 Years	Total
Mortgages	\$ 2,992,232	\$ 67,820,947	\$ 167,965,253	\$238,778,433
Tenant Rental Deposits	450,317	258,918	1,183,303	1,892,538
Distribution Payable	1,431,088	-	-	1,431,088
Land Lease Liability	34,970	75,455	139,813	250,238
Accounts Payable & Accrued Liabilities	8,593,354	-	-	8,593,354
	\$ 13,501,961	\$ 68,155,320	\$ 169,288,369	\$ 250,945,651

DISTRIBUTION REINVESTMENT PLAN & UNIT PURCHASE PLAN

On February 5, 2013, the Trust announced the commencement of its Distribution Reinvestment Plan ("**DRIP**") and Unit Purchase Plan (the "**UPP**").

DISTRIBUTION REINVESTMENT PLAN ("DRIP")

Under the terms of the DRIP, FCPT's Unitholders may elect to automatically reinvest all or a portion of their regular monthly distributions in additional Trust Units, without incurring brokerage fees or commissions.

Units purchased through the DRIP are acquired at the weighted average closing price of Trust Units in the five trading days immediately prior to the distribution payment date. Units purchased through the DRIP will be acquired either in the open market or be issued directly from FCPT's treasury based on a floor price to be set at the discretion of the board of trustees. Currently, there are 257,075 units reserved under the DRIP.

For the six months ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, 153 and 228 Trust Units were issued, respectively, from treasury for total gross proceeds of \$1,000 and \$1,550, respectively, to Unitholders who elected to receive their distributions but received units under the DRIP.

UNIT PURCHASE PLAN ("UPP")

Unitholders who elect to receive Trust Units under the DRIP may also enroll in the Trust's Unit Purchase Plan. The UPP gives each Unitholder who is resident in Canada the right to purchase additional units of the Trust monthly. Under the terms of the UPP, FCPT's Unitholders may purchase a minimum of \$1,000 of Units on each Monthly Purchase Date and maximum purchases of up to \$12,000 per annum. The aggregate number of Units that may be issued may not exceed 2% of the Units of the Trust per annum.

Registered Unitholders may enroll in the DRIP and the UPP by completing a form and submitting to Equity Financial Trust Company at the address set out in the form, or contact the Trust for copies of the forms. Beneficial Unitholders are encouraged to see their broker or other intermediary for enrolment information. The expected level of insider participation by management and trustees of the Trust under the DRIP and the UPP is currently not known. The DRIP and the UPP are subject to certain limitations and restrictions; interested participants are encouraged to review the full text of the DRIP and UPP at www.firmcapital.com.

RESPONSIBILITY OF MANAGEMENT AND THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Management is responsible for the information disclosed in this MD&A, and has in place the appropriate information systems, procedures and controls to ensure that the information used internally by management and disclosed externally is materially complete and reliable. In addition, the Trust's Audit Committee and Board of Trustees provide an oversight role with respect to all

public financial disclosures by the Trust, and have reviewed and approved this MD&A and the consolidated financial statements as at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Trust maintains appropriate information systems, procedures and controls to ensure that information disclosed externally is complete, reliable, and timely. The Trust's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer evaluated, or caused an evaluation under their direct supervision of, the design and operating effectiveness of the Trust's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in National Instrument 52-109, Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings) as at June 30, 2021 and have concluded that such disclosure controls and procedures were appropriately designed and were operating effectively.

The Trust has also established adequate internal controls over financial reporting to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of the Trust's financial reporting and the preparation of the financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS. The Trust's Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer assessed, or caused an assessment under their direct supervision, of the design and operating effectiveness of the Trust's internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in National Instrument 52-109, Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings) as at June 30, 2021. Based on that assessment, it was determined that the Trust's internal controls over financial reporting were appropriately designed and were operating effectively. In addition, the Trust did not make any changes to the design of the Trust's internal controls over financial reporting during the period ended June 30, 2021 that would have materially affected or would be reasonably likely to materially affect the Trust's internal controls over financial reporting.

It should be noted that a control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues, including instances of fraud, if any, have been detected. These inherent limitations include, among other items: (i) that management's assumptions and judgments could ultimately prove to be incorrect under varying conditions and circumstances; (ii) the impact of any undetected errors; and (iii) controls may be circumvented by the unauthorized acts of individuals, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override. The design of any system of controls is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Significant accounting policies applied by the Trust are described in note 2 of the Trust's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 and accordingly should be read in conjunction with them.

ESTIMATES

The critical accounting estimates have been set out in the Trust's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 and accordingly should be read in conjunction with them.

CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS

Critical judgments have been set out in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended Decmember 31, 2020 and accordingly should be read in conjunction with them.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- Subsequent to June 30, 2021, the Trust completed the sales of two retail properties from the Centre Ice Retail Portfolio for gross proceeds of approximately \$4.1 million (excluding closing costs). The Trust's pro-rata share of the gross proceeds is \$2.9 million (excluding closing costs)
- Subsequent to June 30, 2021, 275,000 Trust unit options at a weighted average price of \$6.05 per Trust Unit were exercised for gross proceeds of approximately \$1.7 million.
- On August 4, 2021, the Trust announced the acquisition of a 50% interest in a 242 condominium unit Manufactured Housing Community ("MHC") named Hidden Creek Condominium ("Hidden Creek" or the "Property") located in McGregor, Ontario. The acquisition price for 100% of the 242 condominium units is approximately \$10.7 million, excluding transaction costs. The Trust's portion of the acquisition price is approximately \$5.4 million. The acquisition is expected to close prior to September 30, 2021.
- On August 16, 2021 the Trustees of the Trust approved amendments to the Asset Management Agreement with FCPRI and the Property Management Agreement with FCPMC (collectively the "Contracts"). Both Contracts had their terms extended from November 29, 2022 to November 29, 2032. With respect to any disposition of a Property by the Trust at a price that is in excess of the average IFRS carrying value of the Property over the four quarters preceding the quarter in which the sale occurred, the Trust shall pay to the Asset Manager a fee (the "Disposition Fee") equal to 0.5% of the sale price. The Disposition Fee is payable upon closing of the applicable sale.
- On August 16, 2021, the Trust declared and approved monthly distributions in the amount of \$0.0425 per Trust Unit for Unitholders of record on October 31, 2021, November 30, 2021 and December 31, 2021 payable on or about November 15, 2021, December 15, 2021 and January 17, 2022, respectively

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Trust is faced with the following ongoing risk factors, among others, that would affect Unitholders' equity and the Trust's ability to generate returns. All real property investments are subject to elements of risk. General economic conditions, local real estate markets, supply and demand for leased premises, competition from other available premises and various other factors affect such investments. The Trust's properties are located across Canada. As a result, our properties are impacted by factors specifically affecting their respective real estate markets. These factors may differ from those affecting the real estate markets in other regions of Canada.

LIQUIDITY & GENERAL MARKET CONDITIONS

The Trust faces the risk associated with general market conditions and their potential consequent effects. Current general market conditions may include, among other things, the insolvency of market participants, tightening lending standards and decreased availability of cash, and changes in unemployment levels, retail sales levels, and real estate

values along with access to capital. These market conditions may affect occupancy levels and FCPT's ability to obtain credit on favorable terms or to conduct financings through the public market.

REAL PROPERTY OWNERSHIP AND TENANT RISKS

Real property investments are relatively illiquid. This illiquidity will tend to limit the ability of the Trust to respond to changing economic or investment conditions. If the Trust were to be required to liquidate assets quickly, there is a risk the proceeds realized from such sale would be less than the book value of the assets or less than what could be expected to be realized under normal circumstances. By specializing in certain types of real estate, the Trust is exposed to adverse effects on that segment of the real estate market and does not benefit from a broader diversification of its portfolio by property class.

All real property investments are subject to elements of risk. The value of real property and any improvements thereto depend on the credit and financial stability of tenants and upon the vacancy rates of the properties. The properties generate revenue through rental payments made by the tenants thereof. The ability to rent unleased space in properties will be affected by many factors, including changes in general economic conditions (such as the availability and cost of mortgage funds), local conditions (such as an oversupply of space or a reduction in demand for real estate in the area), government regulations, changing demographics, competition from other available properties, and various other factors. Cash available for distribution will be adversely affected if a significant number of tenants are unable to meet their obligations under their leases or if a significant amount of available space in the properties becomes vacant and cannot be leased on economically favorable lease terms. If properties do not generate revenues sufficient to meet operating expenses, including debt service and capital expenditures, this could have a material adverse effect on the Trust's business, cash flows, financial condition and results of operations and ability to make distributions to holders of Trust Units.

Historical occupancy rates and revenues are not necessarily an accurate prediction of the future occupancy rates for the Trust's properties or revenues to be derived therefrom. Reported estimates of market rent can be seasonal and the significance of any variations from quarter to quarter would materially affect the Trust's annualized estimated gain-to-lease amount. There can be no assurance that upon the expiry or termination of existing leases, the average occupancy rates and revenues will be higher than historical occupancy rates and revenues and it may take a significant amount of time for market rents to be recognized by the Trust due to internal and external limitations on its ability to charge these new market-based rents in the short term.

COMPETITION

Many of the sectors in which the Trust operates are highly competitive. The Trust faces competition from many sources, including from other buildings in the immediate vicinity of the properties and the broader geographic areas where the Trust's properties are and will be located. In addition, overbuilding in the geographic areas where the Trust's properties are located may increase the supply of competing properties and may reduce occupancy rates and rental revenues of the Trust and could have a material adverse effect on the Trust's business, cash flows, financial condition and results of operations and ability to make distributions to holders of Trust Units.

The Trust's ability to make real estate investments in accordance with the Trust's objectives and investment policies depends upon the availability of suitable investments and the general economy and marketplace. Increased competition for acquisitions in the

geographies in which the Trust operates from other acquirers of real estate may impact the availability of suitable investments and achievable investment yields for the Trust.

CHANGES IN APPLICABLE LAWS

The Trust's operations will have to comply with numerous federal, provincial and local laws and regulations, some of which may conflict with one another or be subject to limited judicial or regulatory interpretations. These laws and regulations may include zoning laws, building codes, landlord tenant laws and other laws generally applicable to business operations. Non-compliance with laws could expose the Trust to liability.

Lower revenue growth or significant unanticipated expenditures may result from the Trust's need to comply with changes in applicable laws, including (i) laws imposing environmental remedial requirements and the potential liability for environmental conditions existing on properties or the restrictions on discharges or other conditions, (ii) rent control or rent stabilization laws or other landlord/tenant laws, or (iii) other governmental rules and regulations or enforcement policies affecting the development, use and operation of the Trust's properties, including changes to building codes and fire and life-safety codes.

• UNEXPECTED COSTS OR LIABILITIES RELATED TO ACQUISITIONS

Risks associated with real property acquisitions are that there may be an undisclosed or unknown liability concerning the acquired properties, and the Trust may not be indemnified for some or all of these liabilities. Following an acquisition, the Trust may discover that it has acquired undisclosed liabilities, which may be material. The Trust conducts what it believes to be an appropriate level of investigation in connection with its acquisition of properties and seeks through contract to ensure that risks lie with the appropriate party.

ACCESS TO CAPITAL

The real estate industry is highly capital intensive. The Trust will require access to capital to maintain its properties, as well as to fund its growth strategy and significant capital expenditures from time to time. There can be no assurance that the Trust will have access to sufficient capital or access to capital on terms favorable to the Trust for future property acquisitions, financing or refinancing of properties, funding operating expenses or other purposes. Further, in certain circumstances, the Trust may not be able to borrow funds due to the limitations set forth in the Declaration of Trust.

In addition, global financial markets have experienced a sharp increase in volatility during recent years. This has been, in part, the result of the re-valuation of assets on the balance sheets of international financial institutions and related securities. This has contributed to a reduction in liquidity among financial institutions and has reduced the availability of credit to those institutions and to the issuers who borrow from them. While central banks as well as governments continue attempts to restore liquidity to the global economy, no assurance can be given that the combined impact of the significant re-valuations and constraints on the availability of credit will not continue to materially and adversely affect economies around the world in the near to medium term. These market conditions and unexpected volatility or illiquidity in financial markets may inhibit the Trust's access to long-term financing in the Canadian capital markets. As a result, it is possible that financing which the Trust may require in order to grow and expand its operations, upon the expiry of the term of financing, on refinancing any particular property owned by the Trust or otherwise, may not be available or, if it is available, may not be available on favorable terms to the Trust. Failure by the Trust to access required capital could have a material adverse effect

on the Trust's business, cash flows, financial condition and results of operations and ability to make distributions to holders of Trust Units.

INTEREST RATE & DEBT FINANCING RISK

The Trust will be subject to the risks associated with debt financing. There can be no assurance that the Trust will be able to refinance its existing indebtedness on terms that are as or more favorable to the Trust as the terms of existing indebtedness. The inability to replace financing of debt on maturity would have an adverse impact on the financial condition and results of FCPT.

ENVIRONMENTAL RISK

Environmental and ecological related policies have become increasingly important in recent periods. Under various federal, provincial and municipal laws, an owner or operator of real property could become liable for the cost of removal or remediation of certain hazardous or toxic substances released on or in its properties or disposed of at other locations. The existence of such a liability can have a negative impact on the value of the underlying real property.

It is our policy to obtain a Phase I environmental audit conducted by a qualified environmental consultant prior to acquiring any additional property, who has the appropriate insurance coverage. In addition, where appropriate, tenant leases generally specify that the tenant will conduct its business in accordance with environmental regulations and be responsible for any liabilities arising out of infractions to such regulations.

LEGAL RISK

In the normal course of the Trust's operations, whether directly or indirectly, it may become involved in, named as a party to or the subject of, various legal proceedings, including regulatory proceedings, tax proceedings and legal actions relating to personal injuries, property damage, property taxes, land rights, the environment and contract disputes. The outcome with respect to outstanding, pending or future proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty and may be determined in a manner adverse to the Trust and as a result, could have a material adverse effect on the Trust's assets, liabilities, business, financial condition and results of operations. Even if the Trust prevails in any such legal proceeding, the proceedings could be costly and time-consuming and may divert the attention of management and key personnel from the Trust's business operations, which could have a material adverse effect on the Trust's business, cash flows, financial condition and results of operations and ability to make distributions to holders of Trust Units.

LEASE ROLLOVER RISK

The value of investment properties and the stability of cash flows derived from those properties are dependent upon the level of occupancy and lease rates in those properties. Upon expiry of any lease, there is no assurance that a lease will be renewed on favorable terms, or at all; nor is there any assurance that a tenant can be replaced. A contraction in the Canadian economy would negatively impact demand for space in our properties, consequently increasing the risk that leases expiring in the near term will not be renewed.

INCOME TAX RISK

On December 22, 2007, the SIFT Rules were enacted. Under the SIFT Rules, certain distributions from a SIFT will no longer be deductible in computing a SIFT's taxable income, and a SIFT will be subject to tax on such distributions at a rate that is substantially

equivalent to the general tax rate applicable to a Canadian corporation. However, distributions paid by a SIFT as returns of capital should generally not be subject to the tax.

The SIFT Rules do not apply to a "real estate investment trust" that meets prescribed conditions relating to the nature of its assets and revenue (the "REIT Conditions"). The Trust has reviewed the REIT Conditions and has assessed their interpretation and application to the Trust's assets and liabilities. The Trust believes that it has met the REIT Conditions throughout the relevant periods ended. There can be no assurances, however, that the Trust will continue to be able to satisfy the REIT Conditions in the future such that the Trust will not be subject to the tax imposed by the SIFT Rules.

FIXED COSTS AND INCREASED EXPENSES

The failure to maintain stable or increasing average monthly rental rates combined with acceptable occupancy levels would likely have a material adverse effect on the Trust's business, cash flows, financial condition and results of operations and ability to make distributions to holders of Trust Units. Certain significant expenditures, including property taxes, maintenance costs, mortgage payments, insurance costs and related charges, must be made throughout the period of ownership of real property regardless of whether a property is producing any income. If the Trust is unable to meet mortgage payments on any property, losses could be sustained as a result of the mortgagee's exercise of its rights of foreclosure or sale.

The Trust is also subject to utility and property tax risk relating to increased costs that the Trust may experience as a result of higher resource prices as well as its exposure to significant increases in property taxes. There is a risk that property taxes may be raised as a result of re-valuations of properties and their adherent tax rates. In some instances, enhancements to properties may result in significant increases in property assessments following a re-valuation. Additionally, utility expenses, mainly consisting of natural gas and electricity service charges, have been subject to considerable price fluctuations over the past several years. Any significant increase in these resource costs that the Trust cannot charge back to the tenant may have a material adverse effect on the Trust's business, cash flows, financial condition and results of operations and ability to make distributions to holders of Trust Units.

The timing and amount of capital expenditures by the Trust will affect the amount of cash available for distributions to holders of Trust Units. Distributions may be reduced, or even eliminated, at times when the Trust deems it necessary to make significant capital or other expenditures.

UNITHOLDER RISK

There is a risk that FCPT's Unitholders could become subject to liability. The Declaration of Trust provides that no Unitholder or annuitant under a plan of which a Unitholder acts as Trustee or carrier shall be held to have any personal liability as such, and no resort shall be had to, nor shall recourse or satisfaction be sought from, the private property of any Unitholder or annuitant for any liability whatsoever, in tort, contract or otherwise, to any person in connection with the Trust property or the affairs of the Trust, including, without limitation, for satisfaction of any obligation or claim arising out of or in connection with any contract or obligation of the Trust or of the Trustees or any obligation which a Unitholder or annuitant would otherwise have to indemnify a Trustee for any personal liability incurred by the Trustee as such, but rather the assets of the Trust only are intended to be liable and subject to levy or execution for satisfaction of such liability. Each Unitholder and annuitant under a plan of which a Unitholder acts as Trustee or carrier shall be entitled to be

reimbursed out of the assets of the Trust in respect of any payment of a Trust obligation made by such Unitholder or annuitant. The Declaration of Trust further provides that, whenever possible, any written instrument creating an obligation which is or includes the granting by the Trust of a mortgage, and to the extent management of the Trust determines to be practicable, any written instrument which is, in the judgment of management of the Trust, a material obligation, shall contain a provision or be subject to an acknowledgement to the effect that the obligation being created is not personally binding upon, and that resort shall not be had to, nor shall recourse or satisfaction be sought from, the private property of any of the Trustees, Unitholders, annuitants under a plan of which a Unitholder acts as a Trustee or carrier, or Officers, employees or agents of the Trust, but that only property of the Trust or a specific portion thereof shall be bound; the Trust, however, is not required, but shall use all reasonable efforts, to comply with this requirement in respect of obligations assumed by the Trust upon the acquisition of real property.

Certain provinces have legislation relating to Unitholder liability protection, including British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Ontario and Québec. To FCPT's knowledge, certain of these statutes have not yet been judicially considered and it is possible that reliance on such statute by a Unitholder could be successfully challenged on jurisdictional or other grounds.

DEPENDENCE ON FCRPI AND FCPMC

The Trust's earnings and operations are impacted by FCRPI's ability to source appropriate real estate investments that provide sufficient yields for investors and FCPMC to maintain these real estate investments. The Trust has also entered into long-term contracts with FCRPI and FCPMC, as more particularly described in the "Asset Management Agreement" and "Property Management Agreement" both dated November 20, 2012 as posted on SEDAR (www.SEDAR.com). The Trust is exposed to adverse developments in the business and affairs of FCRPI and FCPMC, since the day to day activities of the Trust are run by FCRPI and FCPMC and since all of the Trust's real estate investments are originated by FCRPI.

RETURN RISK

There is no guarantee as to the return an investment in Trust Units of the Trust will generate.

POTENTIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

The Trust is subject to various potential conflicts of interest because the Asset Manager and Property Manager are entities indirectly related to certain trustees and management of the Trust. Further, the Trustees and Officers may co-invest in property acquisitions and investments alongside the Trust. In addition, the Trustees and Officers of the Trust may from time to time deal with parties with whom the Trust may be dealing with, or may be seeking investments similar to those desired by the Trust. Certain Trustees and Officers of the Trust are also employed by entities directly and/or indirectly related to the Asset Manager and Property Manager and are involved in varying real estate related activities including, but not limited to acquisitions, divestitures and management of real estate and real estate related debt and equity.

The Declaration of Trust does not restrict Trustees or Officers of the Trust, the Asset Manager, the Property Manager and/or its affiliates from being engaged (directly or indirectly) in real estate and business transactions in which their individual interests are actually, or are perceived to be, in conflict with the interests of the Trust. Accordingly, there

can be no guarantee that the Trustees and Officers of the Trust, when acting in a capacity other than a Trustee or Officer of the Trust will act in the best interests of the Trust.

RELIANCE ON KEY PERSONNEL AND TRUSTEES

In assessing the risk of an investment in the Trust Units, potential investors should be aware that they will be relying on the good faith, experience and judgment of the Trustees. Although investments made by the Trust are carefully chosen by the Trustees, there can be no assurance that such investments will earn a positive return in the short or long-term or that losses may not be suffered by the Trust from such investments.

DILUTION

The number of Trust Units the Trust is authorized to issue is unlimited. The Trustees have the discretion to issue additional Trust Units in other circumstances, including under the Unit Option Plan. Any issuance of Trust Units may have a dilutive effect to existing Unitholders.

OPERATIONAL RISKS

Operational risk is the risk that a direct or indirect loss may result from an inadequate or failed technology, from a human process or from external events. The impact of this loss may be financial loss, loss of reputation or legal and regulatory proceedings. Management endeavors to minimize losses in this area by ensuring that effective infrastructure and controls exist. These controls are reviewed and if deemed necessary improvements are implemented.

RISK RELATED TO INSURANCE RENEWALS

Certain events could make it more difficult and expensive to obtain property and casualty insurance, including coverage for catastrophic risks. When the Trust's current and future insurance policies expire, the Trust may encounter difficulty in obtaining or renewing property or casualty insurance on its properties at the same levels of coverage and under similar terms. Such insurance may be more limited and, for catastrophic risks (e.g., earthquake, hurricane, flood and terrorism), may not be generally available to fully cover potential losses. Even if the Trust is able to renew its policies at levels and with limitations consistent with its current policies, the Trust cannot be sure that it will be able to obtain such insurance at premiums that are reasonable. If the Trust is unable to obtain adequate insurance on its properties for certain risks, it could cause the Trust to be in default under specific covenants on certain of its indebtedness or other contractual commitments that it has which require the Trust to maintain adequate insurance on its properties to protect against the risk of loss. If this were to occur, or if the Trust were unable to obtain adequate insurance, and its properties experienced damages that would otherwise have been covered by insurance, it could have a material adverse effect on the Trust's business, cash flows, financial condition and results of operations and ability to make distributions to holders of Trust Units.

CO-OWNERSHIP INTEREST IN PROPERTIES

In certain situations, the Trust may be adversely affected by a default by a co-owner of a property under the terms of a mortgage, lease or other agreement. Although all co-owners' agreements entered into by Trust provide for remedies to Trust in such circumstances, such remedies may not be exercisable in all circumstances, or may be insufficient or delayed, and may not cure a default in the event that such default by a co-owner is deemed to be a default of Trust.

OUTLOOK

Moving forward, it continues to be difficult to fully evaluate the economic impact of COVID-19 on our tenants, until the economy has stabilized, and the government stimulus measures have ceased. During Q2/2021, we collected over 99% of gross rents. We continue to see strong

demand and increasing rental rates across our Ontario and Quebec industrial portfolio and demand for space across our convenience retail portfolio that has allowed us to continue our occupancy levels. Finally, we expect interest rates in Canada to remain low into 2022.

The Trust currently has sufficient liquidity not only to meet our operational needs through 2021, but to fund our acquisition and development projects through the third quarter of 2021 and there are no significant debt maturities through 2022. We believe that the Trust is well positioned for growth with our leverage below our target range of 55% to 65%.

As such, management is always looking to assess and evolve its portfolio of assets The Trust will focus its near-term acquisition efforts on the industrial and multi-residential sectors across Canada as well as continue to slowly reduce its exposure to its non-core retail assets to create a more balanced property portfolio demonstrated by the sales and acquisitions completed in 2021. The Trust expects to grow predominately through acquisitions during 2021 with residential intensification efforts beginning to generate income in 2022. As always, we will continue to assess each acquisition to ensure they meet our disciplined investment objectives.